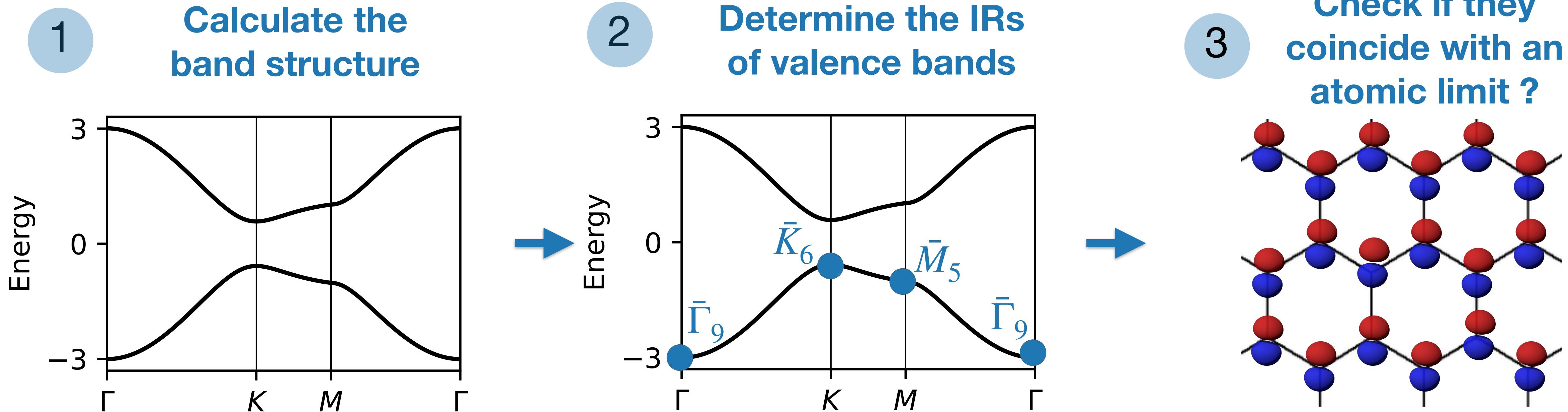


IrRep: hands-on session

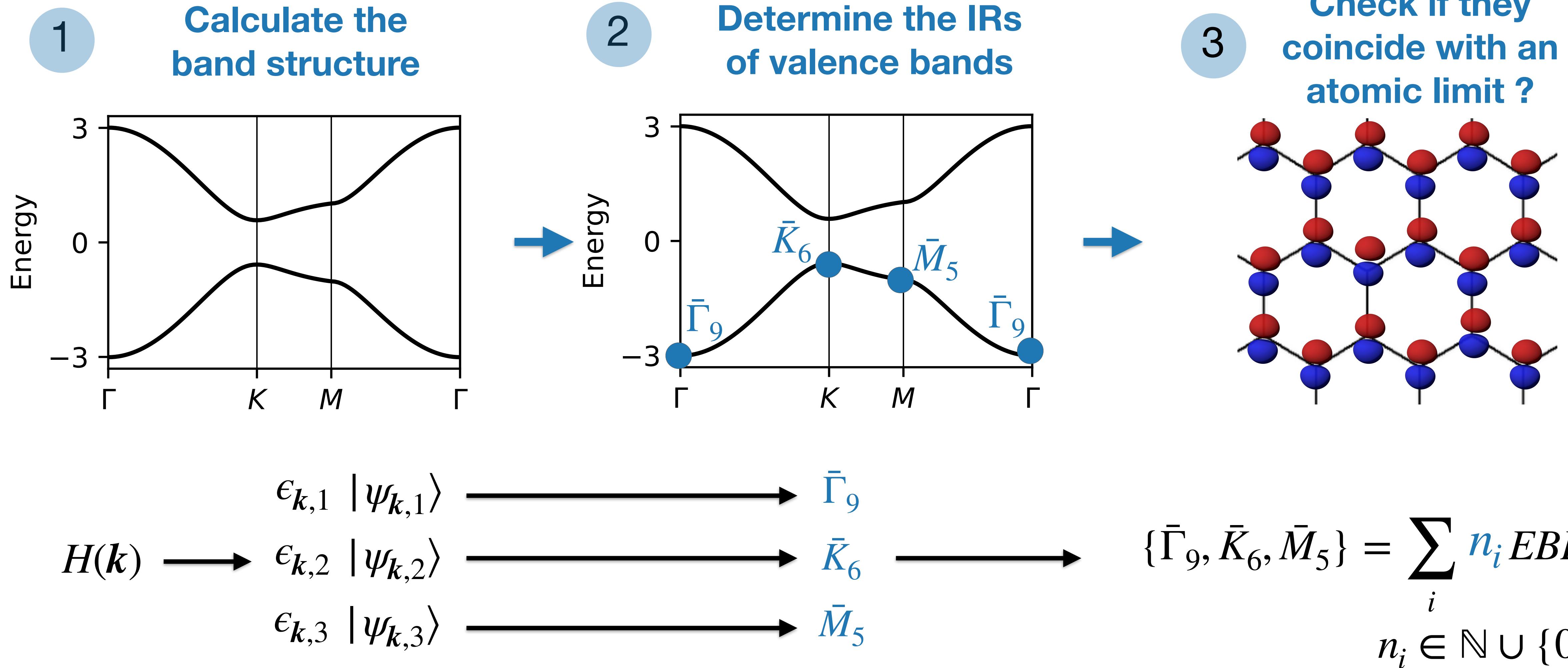
By Maia G. Vergniory
&
Mikel Iraola



Diagnosing topology within TQC



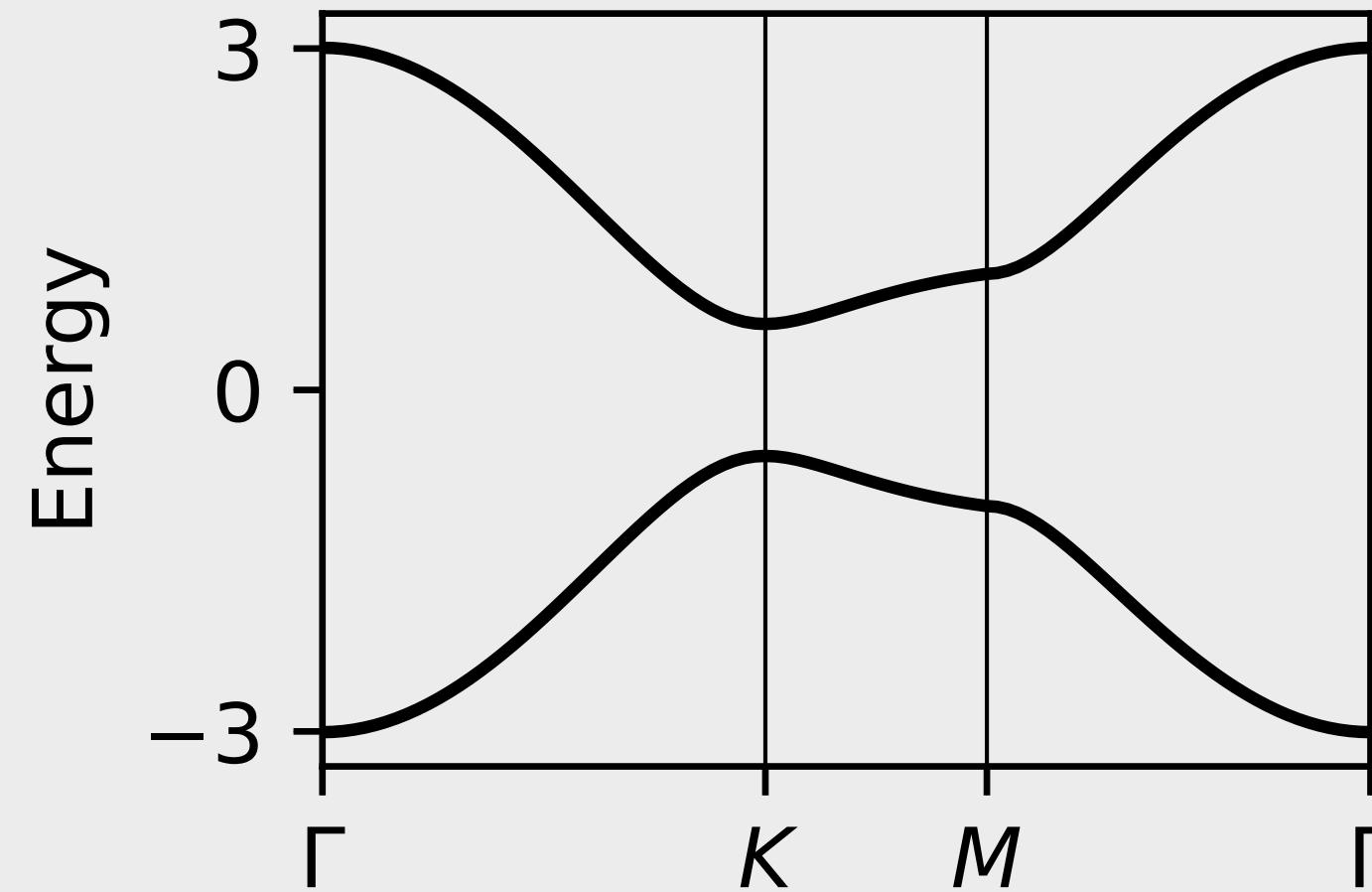
Diagnosing topology within TQC



Diagnosing topology within TQC

1

Calculate the band structure

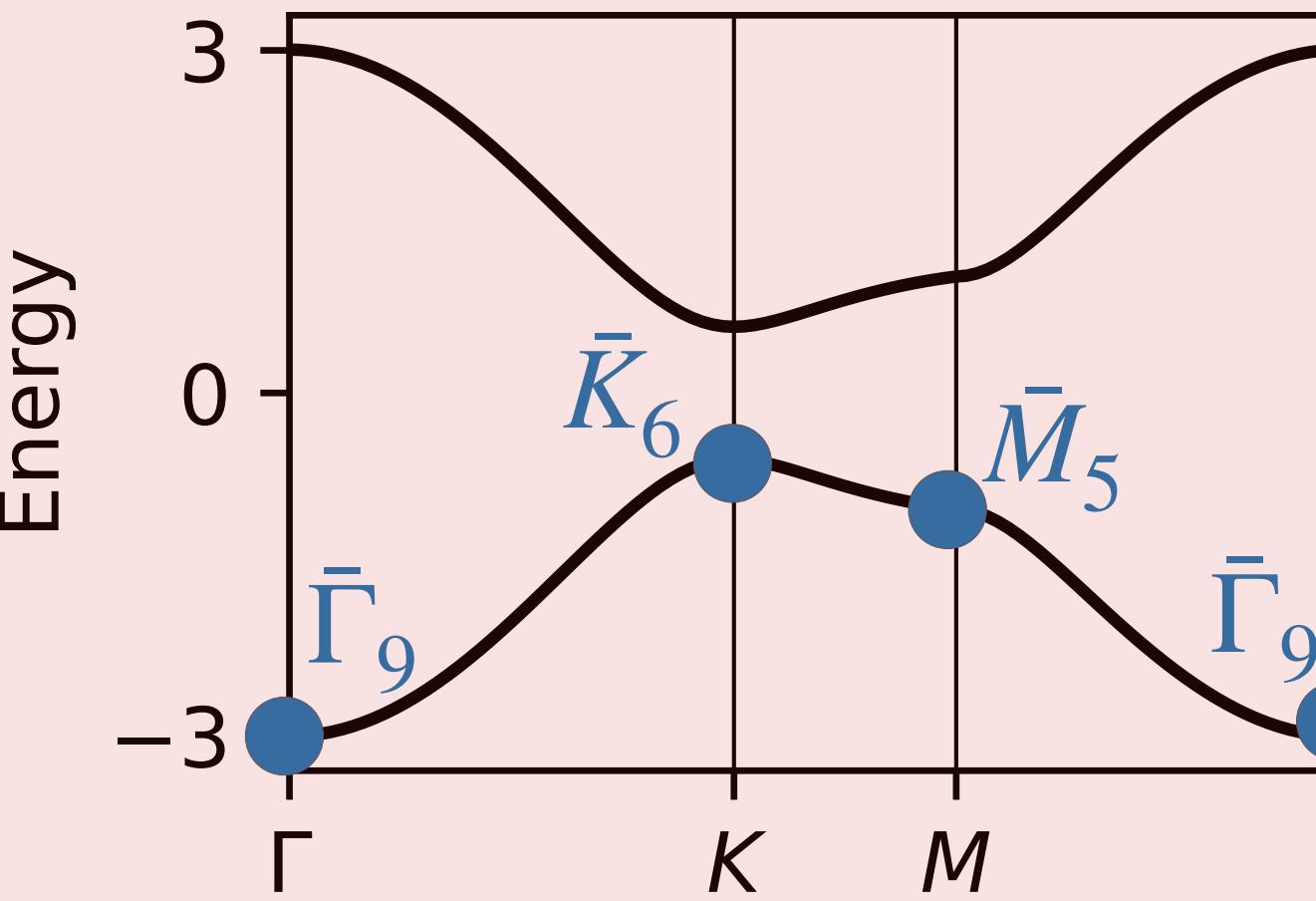


$$H(k) \rightarrow \begin{aligned} \epsilon_{k,1} & | \psi_{k,1} \rangle \\ \epsilon_{k,2} & | \psi_{k,2} \rangle \\ \epsilon_{k,3} & | \psi_{k,3} \rangle \end{aligned}$$

Density Functional Theory

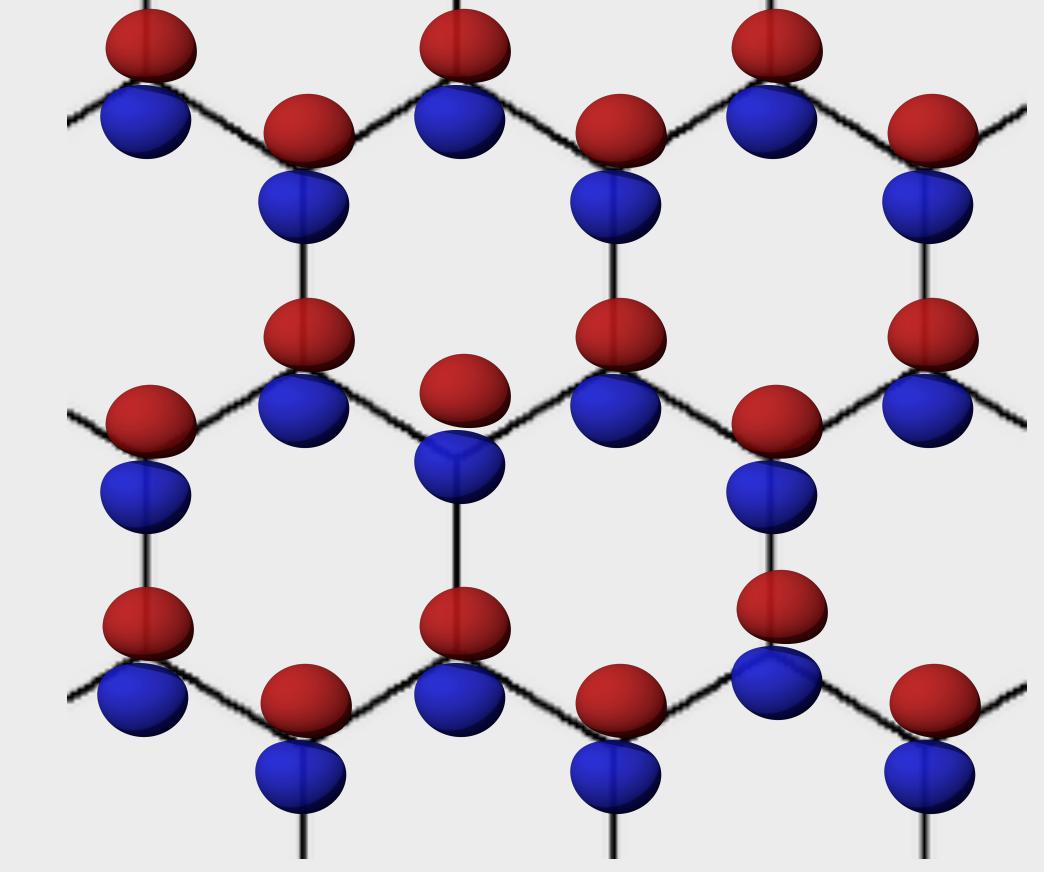
2

Determine the IRs of valence bands



3

Check if they coincide with an atomic limit ?



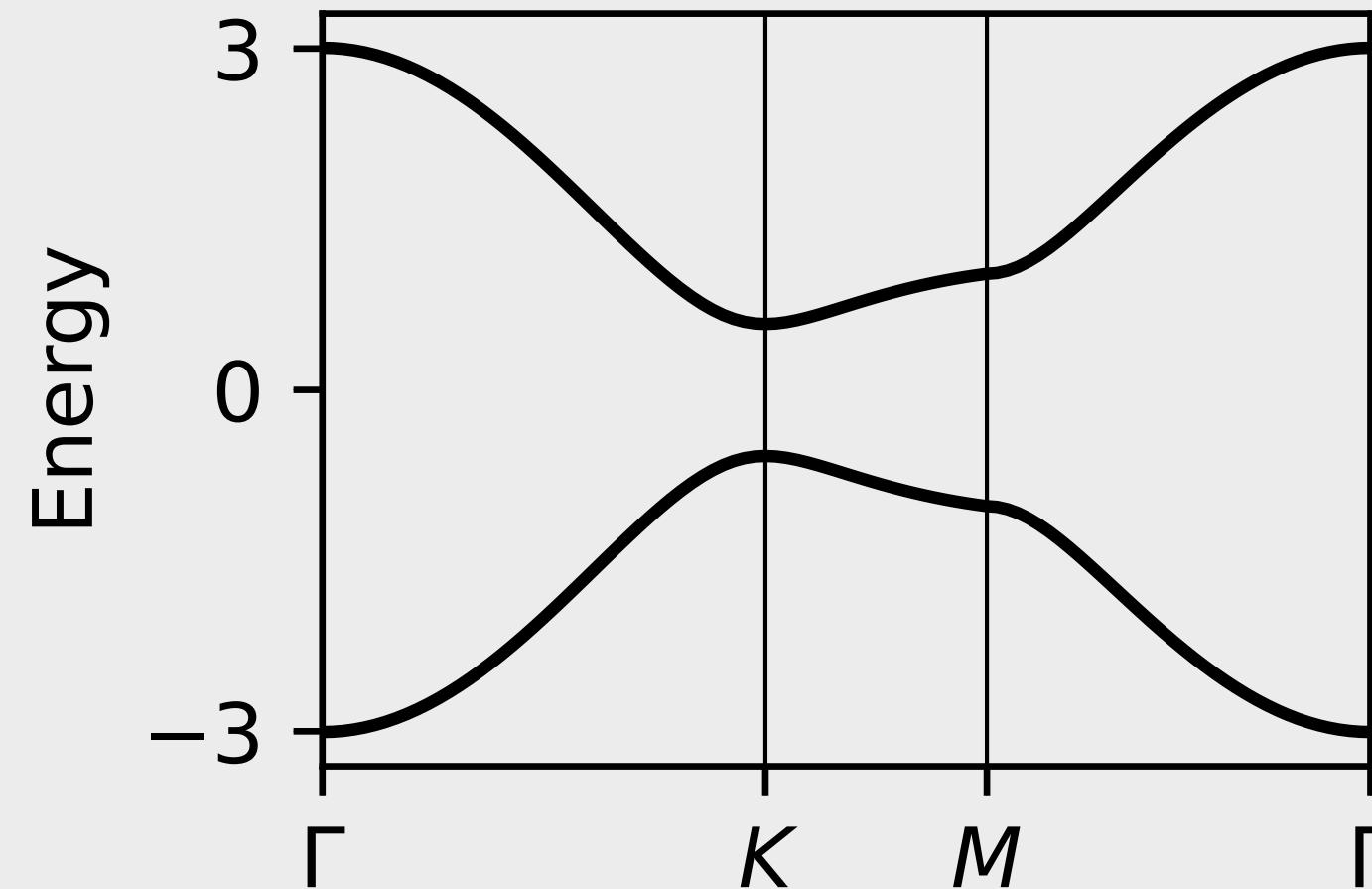
$$\{\bar{\Gamma}_9, \bar{K}_6, \bar{M}_5\} = \sum_i n_i EBR_i$$
$$n_i \in \mathbb{N} \cup \{0\}$$

Bilbao Crystallographic Server

Diagnosing topology within TQC

1

Calculate the band structure

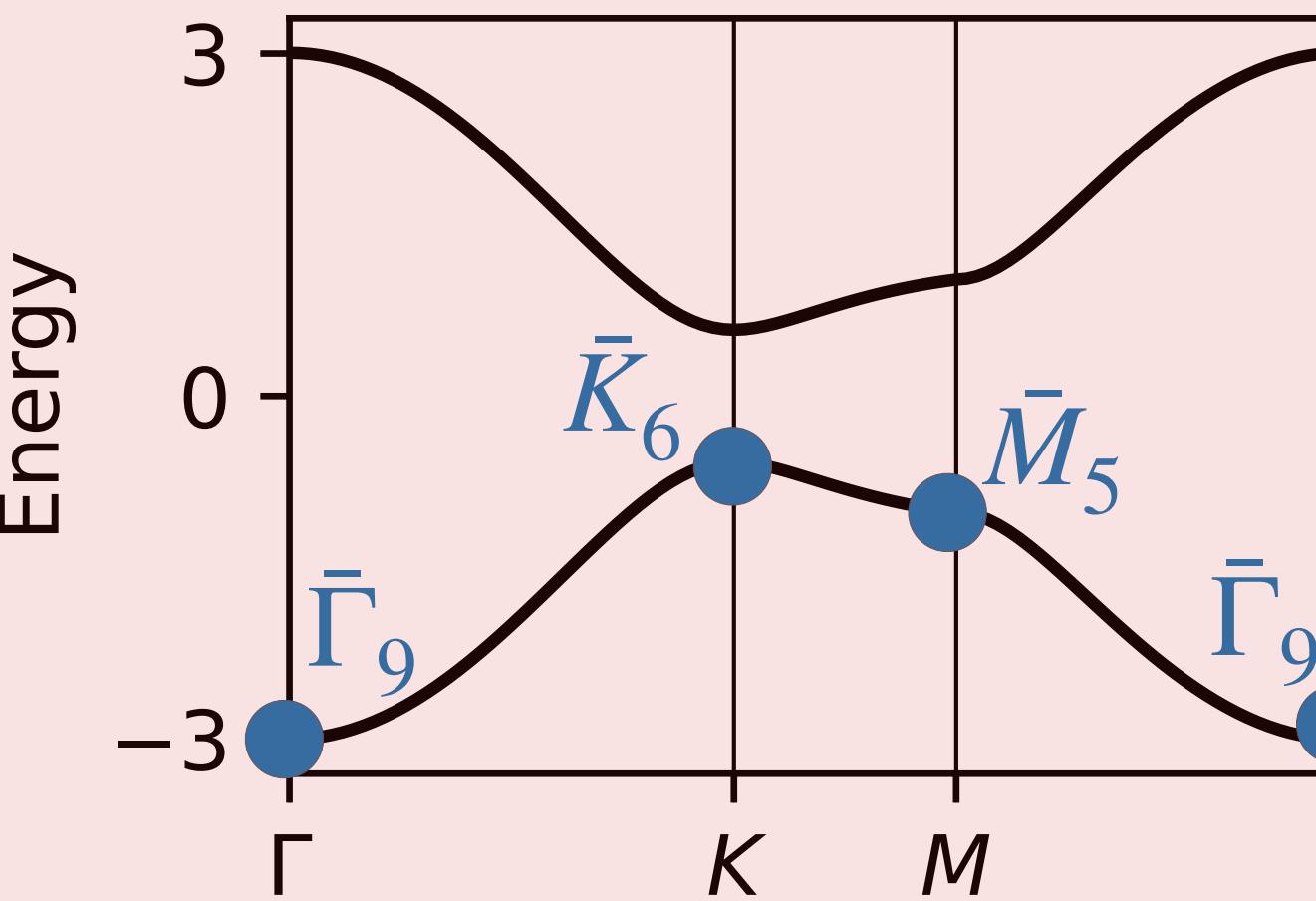


$$H(k) \rightarrow \begin{aligned} \epsilon_{k,1} & | \psi_{k,1} \rangle \\ \epsilon_{k,2} & | \psi_{k,2} \rangle \\ \epsilon_{k,3} & | \psi_{k,3} \rangle \end{aligned}$$

Density Functional Theory

2

Determine the IRs of valence bands

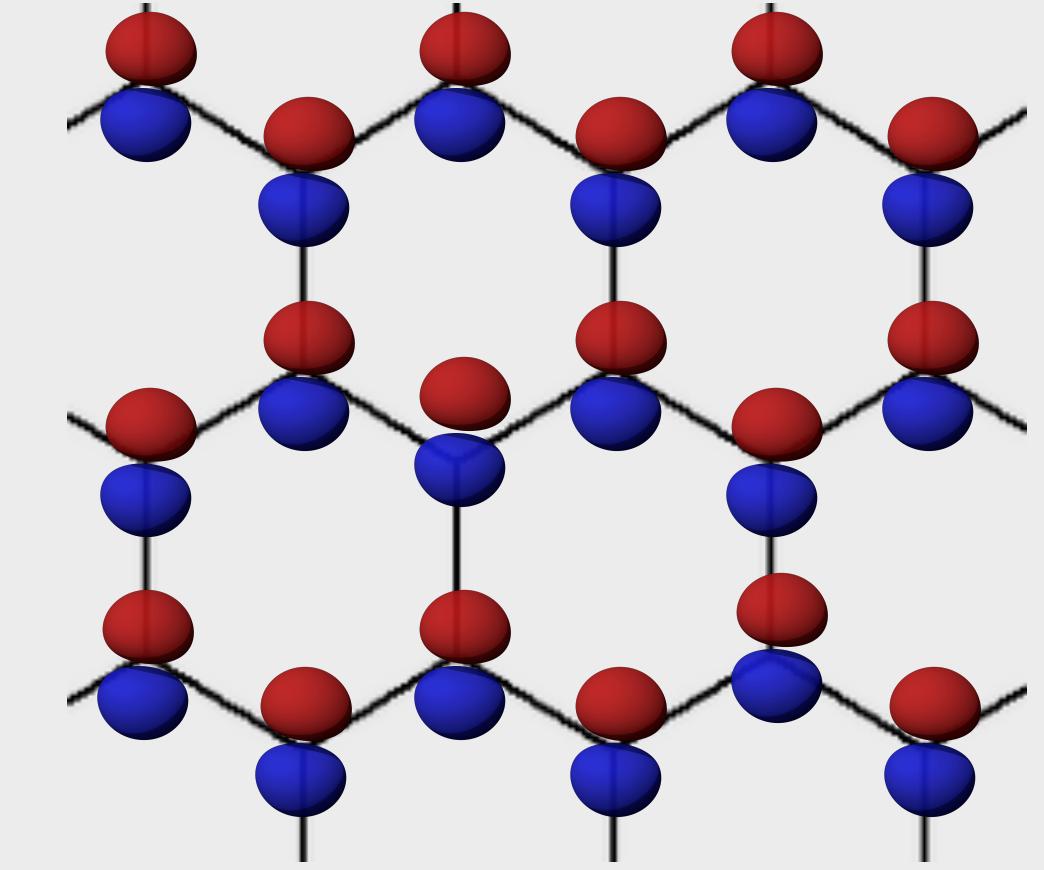


$$\begin{aligned} \bar{\Gamma}_9 & \\ \bar{K}_6 & \\ \bar{M}_5 & \end{aligned}$$

IrRep

3

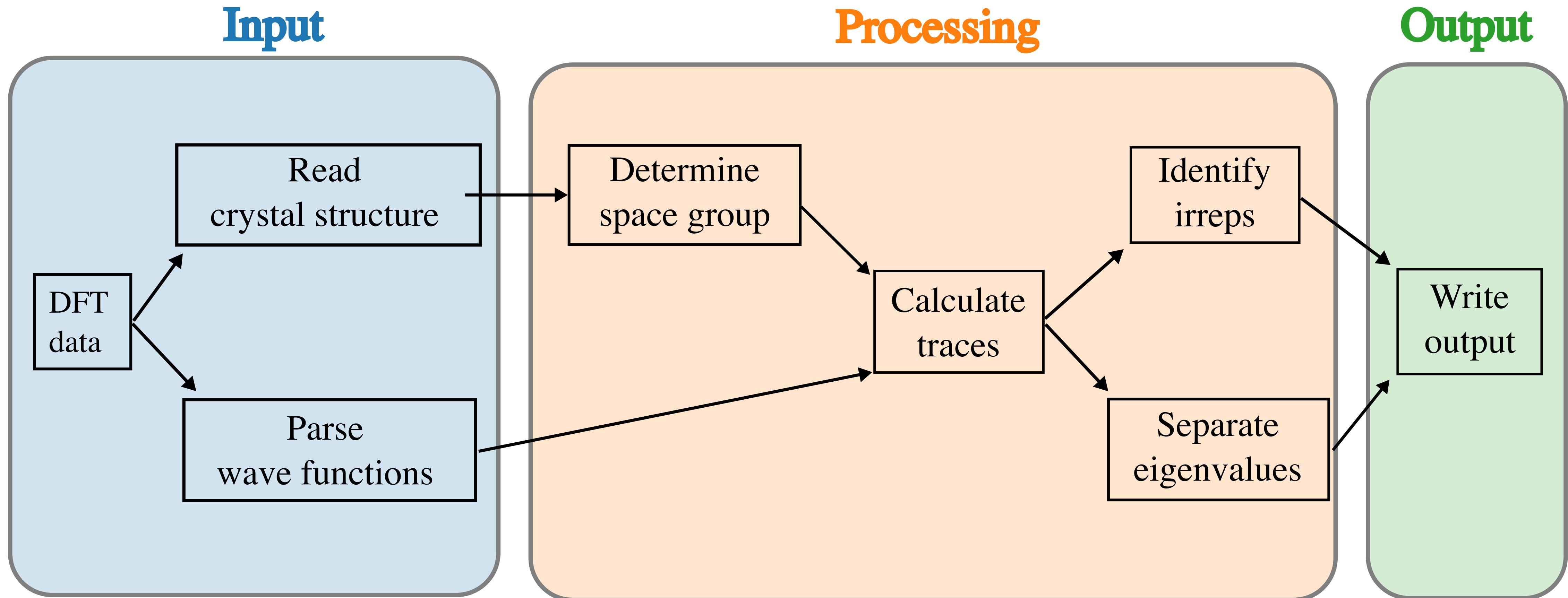
Check if they coincide with an atomic limit ?



$$\{\bar{\Gamma}_9, \bar{K}_6, \bar{M}_5\} = \sum_i n_i EBR_i$$
$$n_i \in \mathbb{N} \cup \{0\}$$

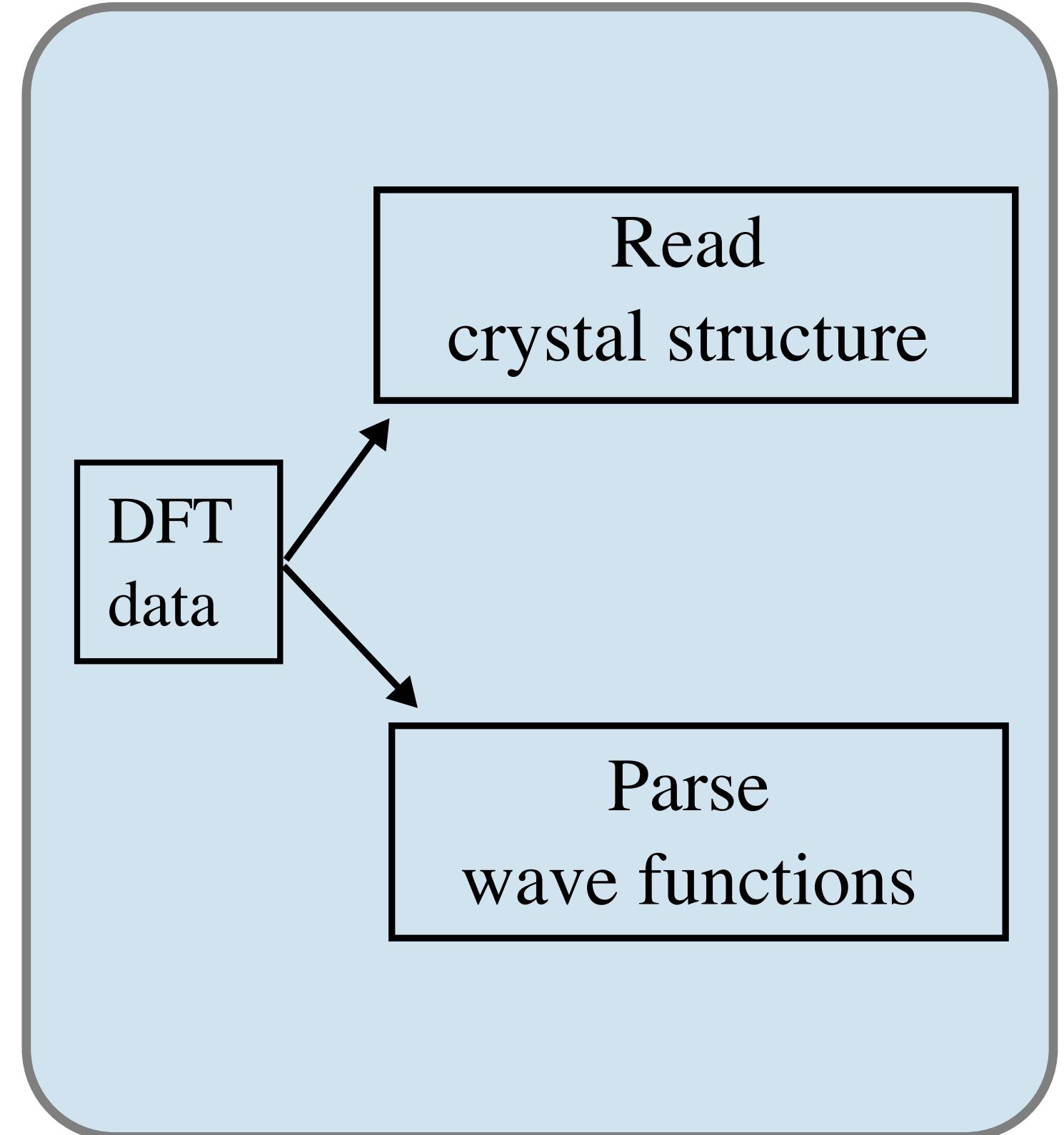
Bilbao Crystallographic Server

IrRep: how does it work?

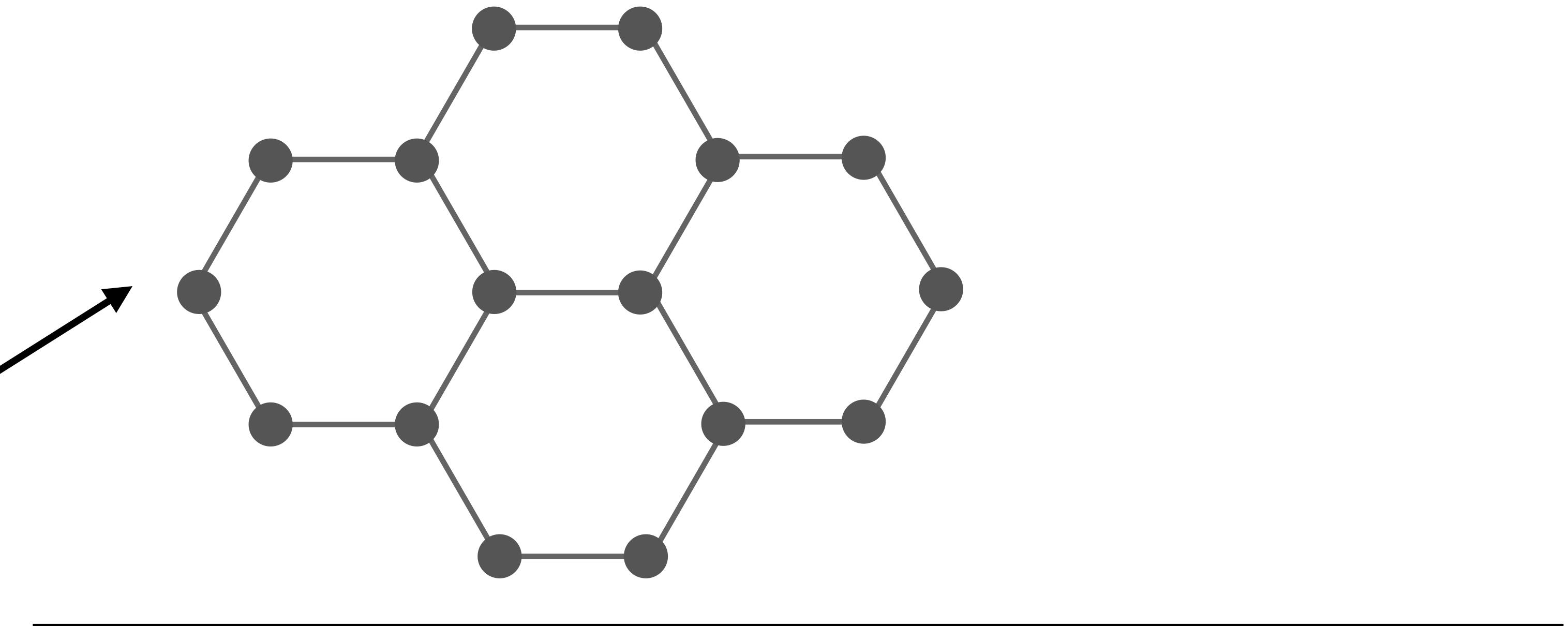
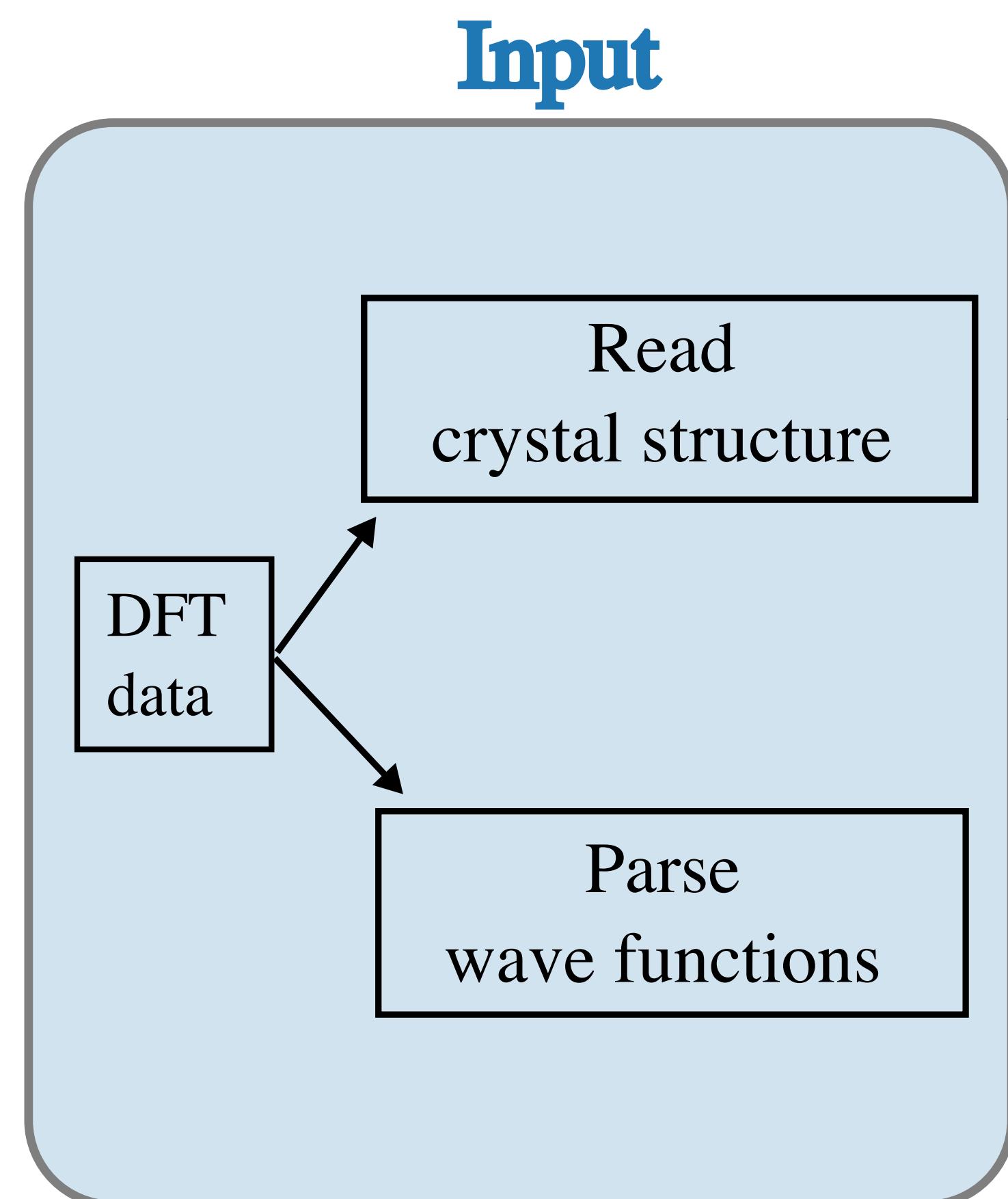


IrRep: how does it work?

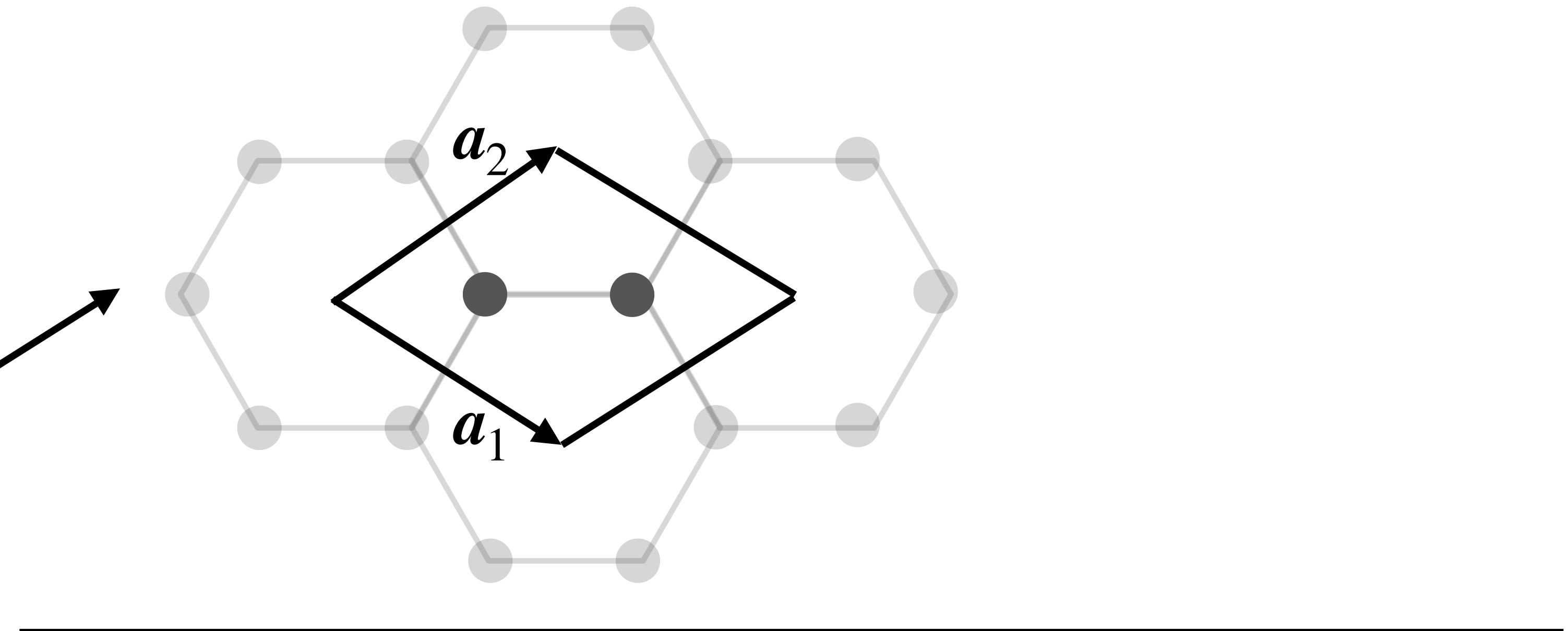
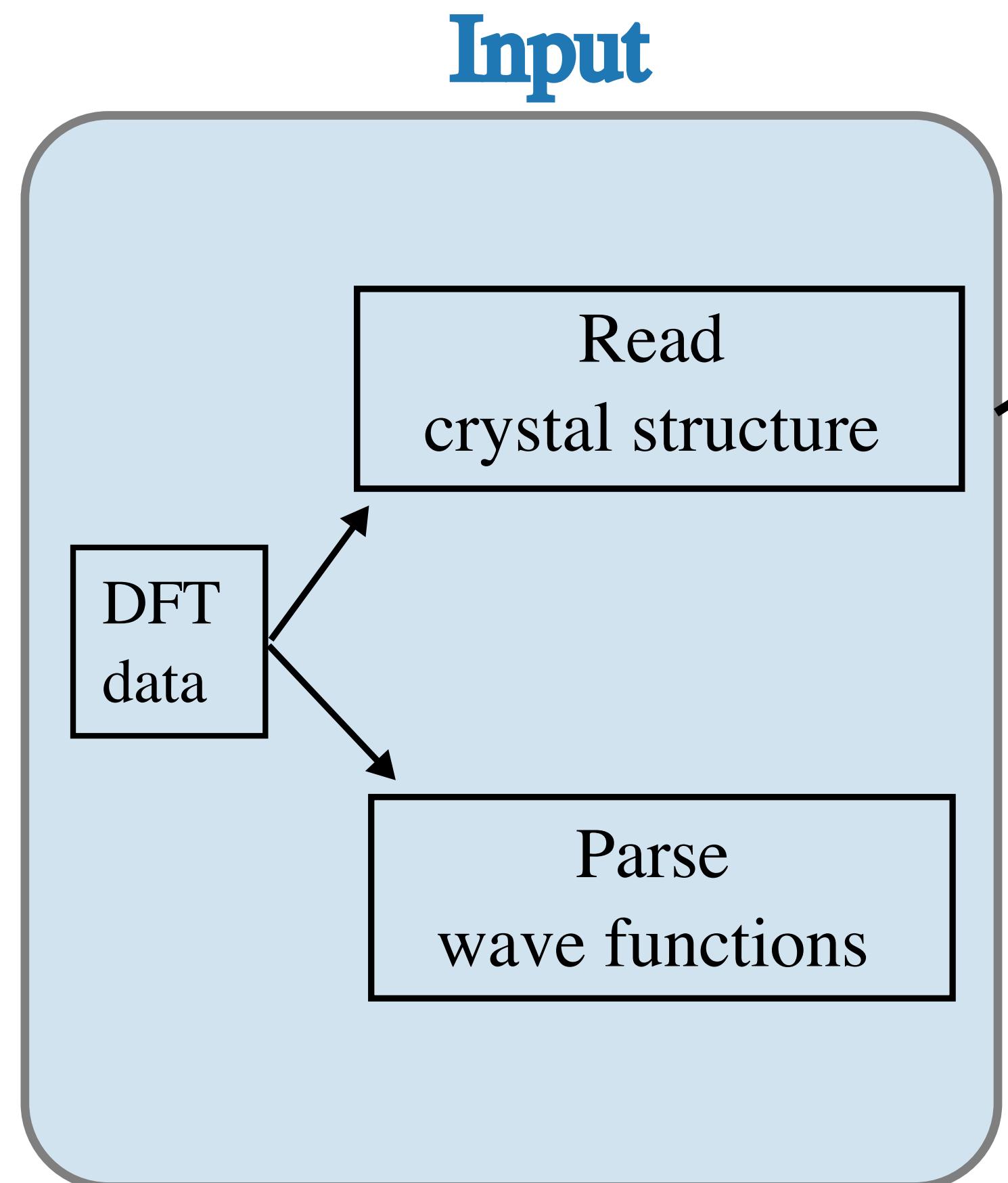
Input



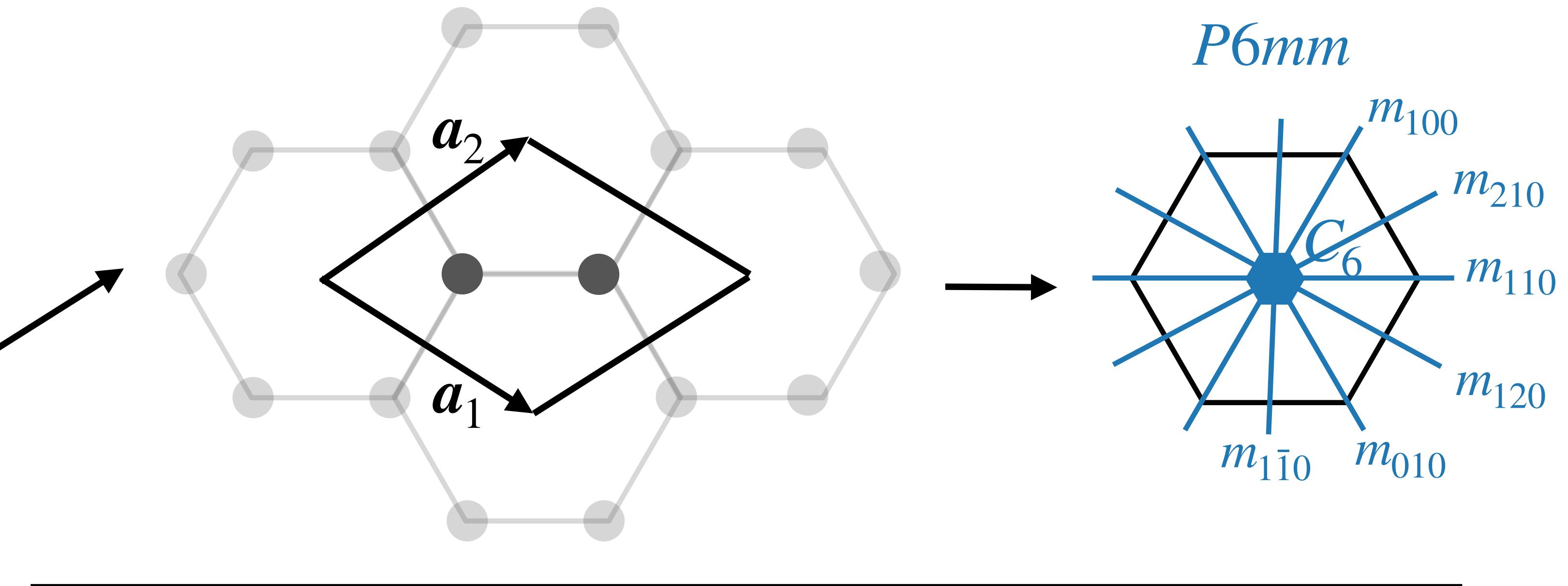
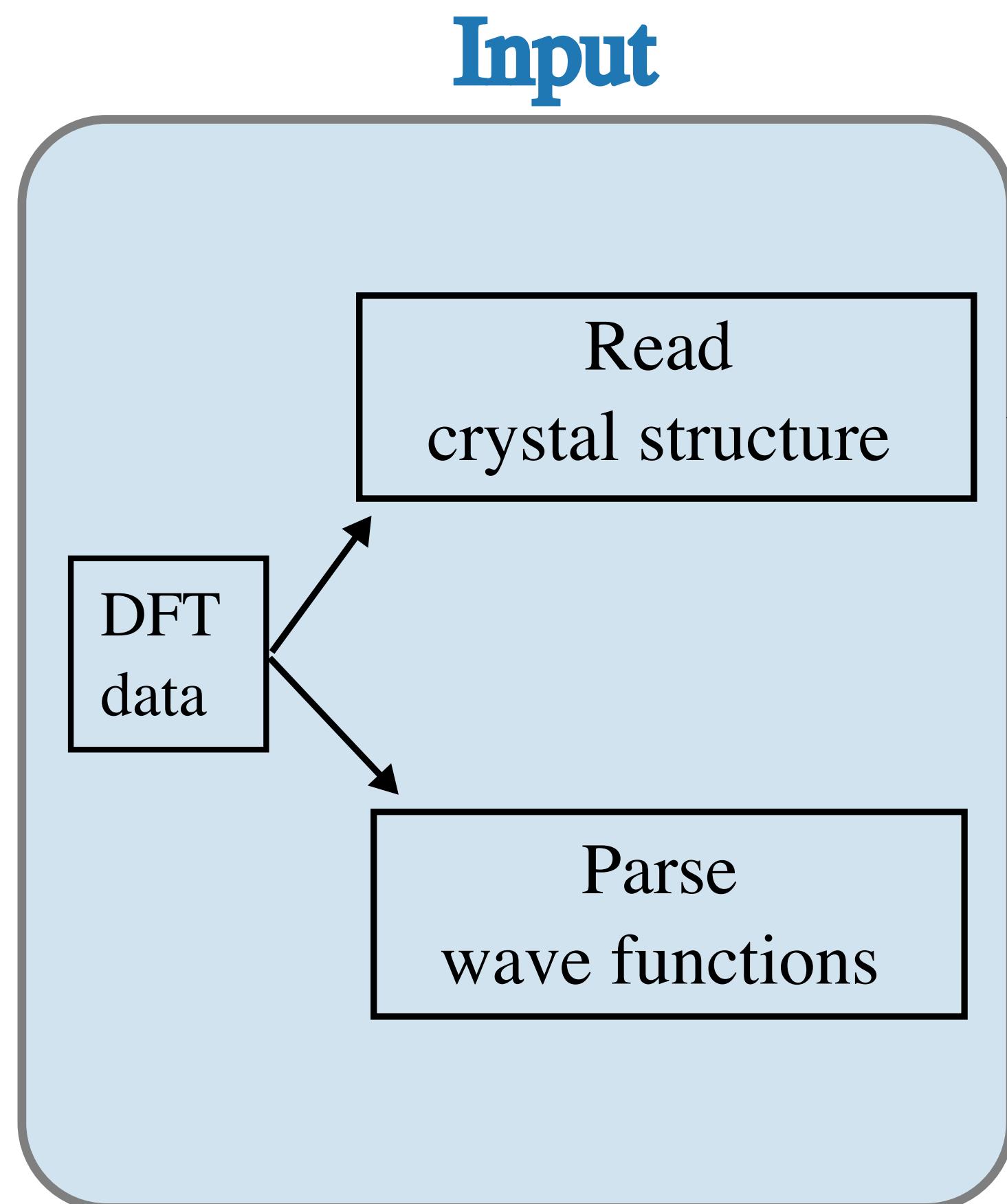
IrRep: how does it work?



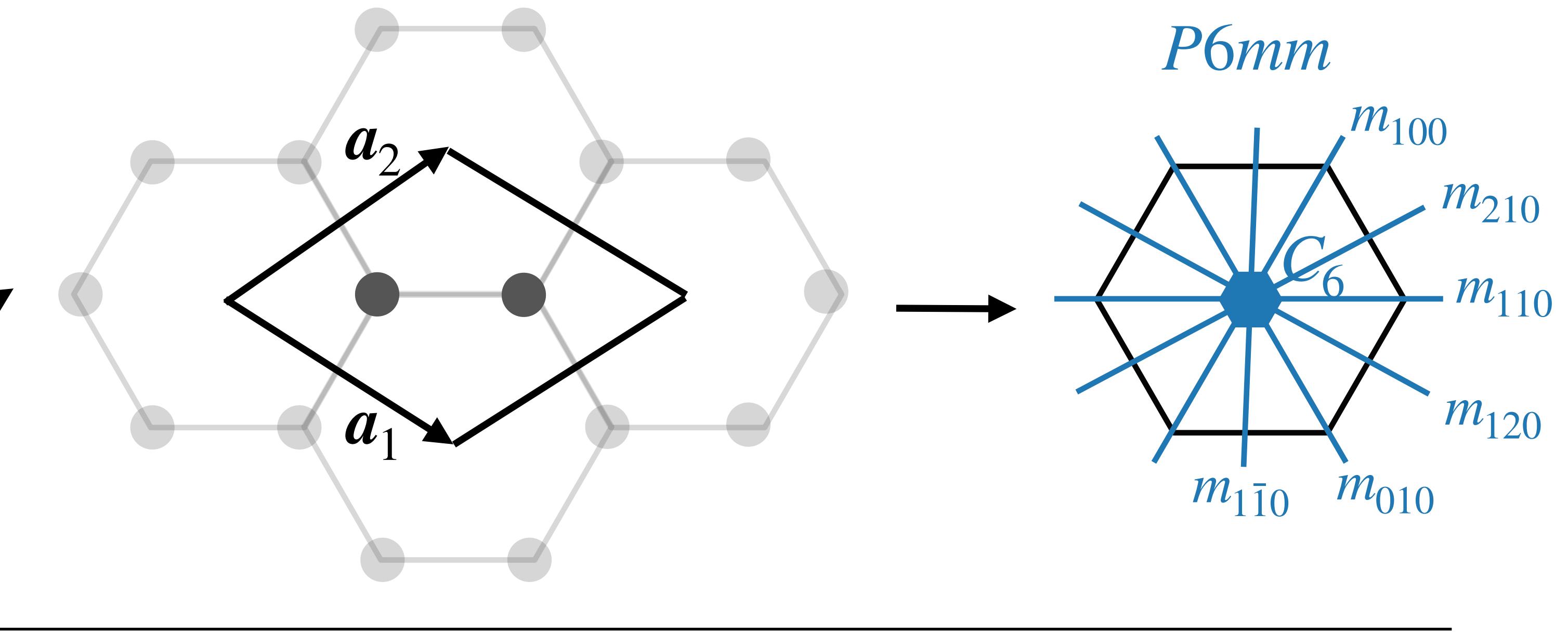
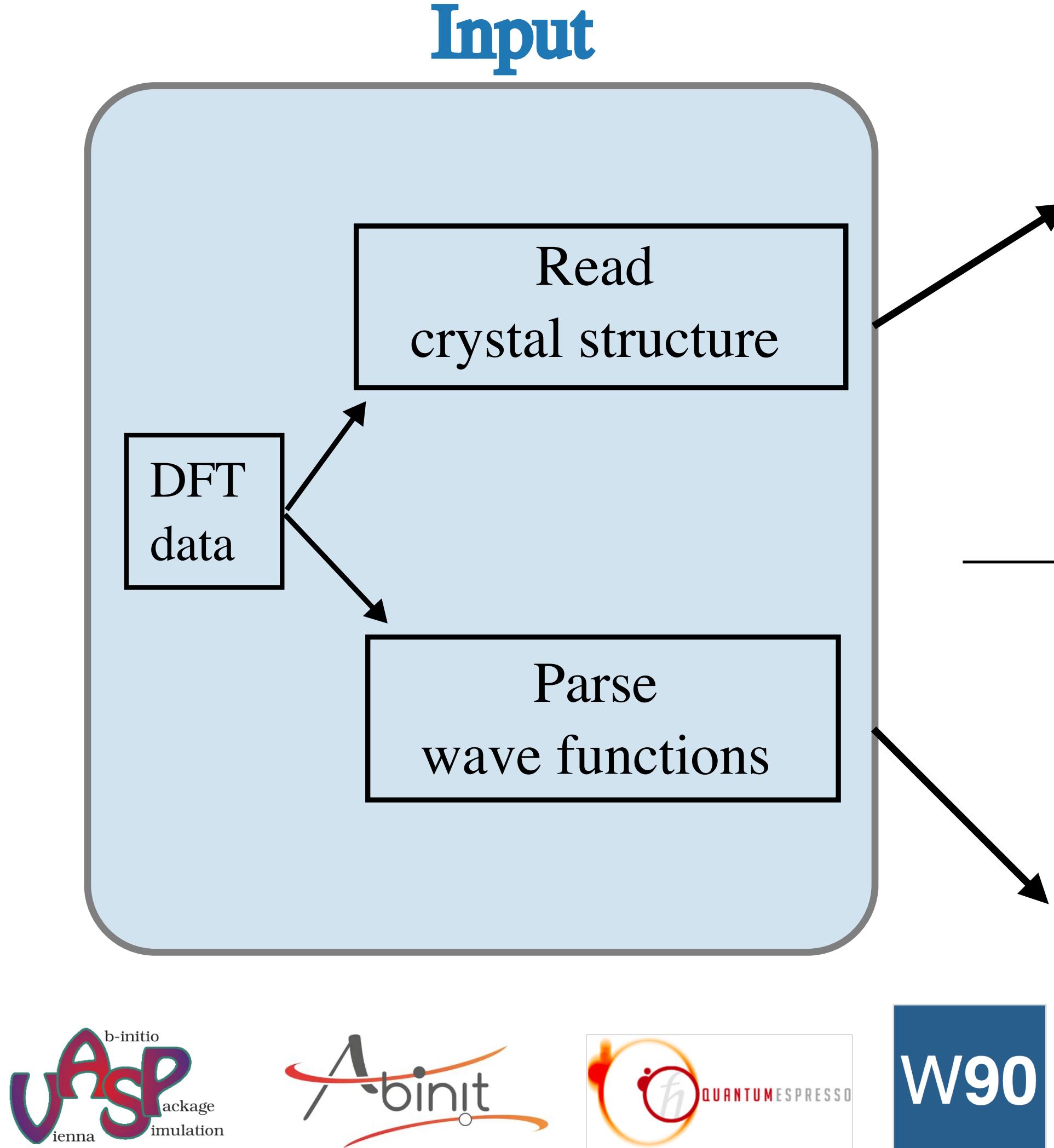
IrRep: how does it work?



IrRep: how does it work?



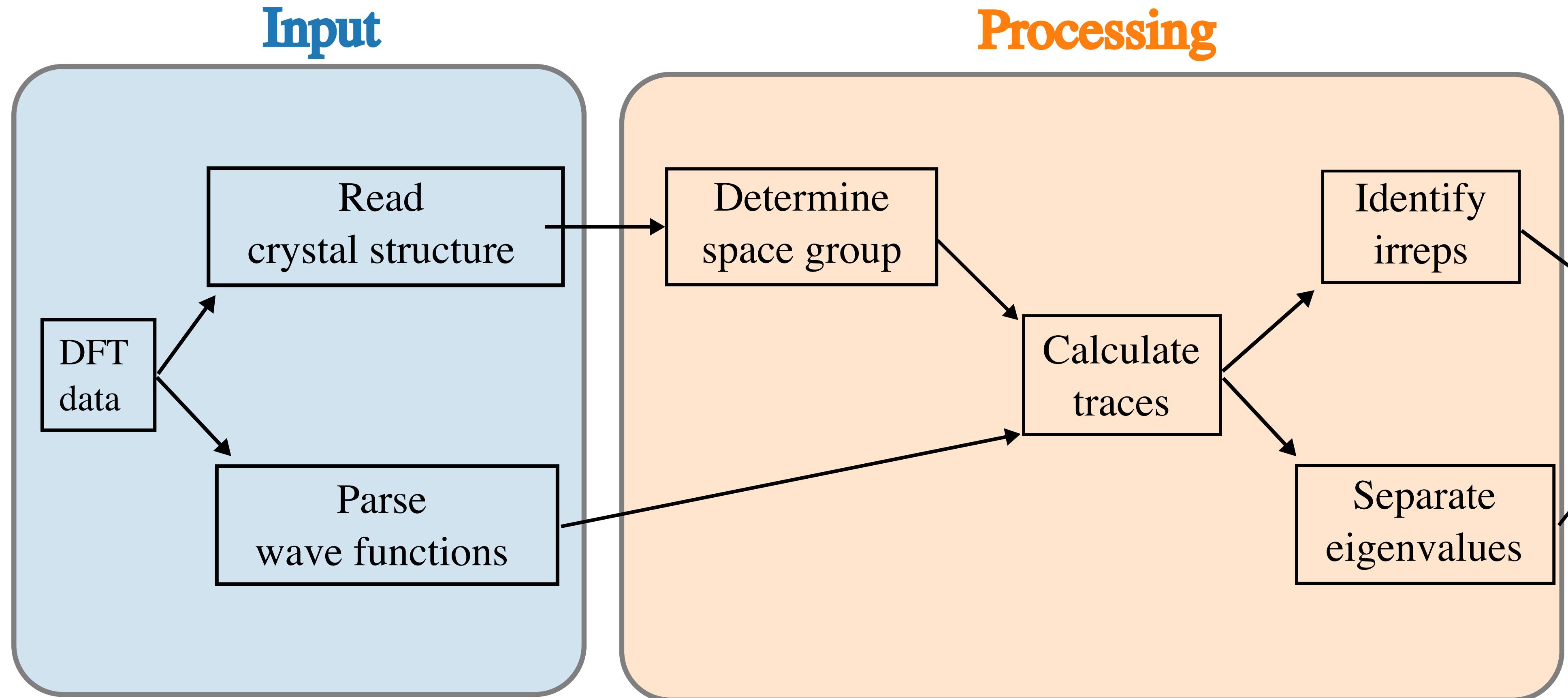
IrRep: how does it work?



Wave functions are expanded in terms of **plane waves**

$$\psi_{kn}(\mathbf{r}) = \sum_G C_{kn}(G) e^{i(k+G) \cdot \mathbf{r}} \rightarrow |\psi_{kn}\rangle = \sum_G C_{kn}(G) |k + G\rangle$$

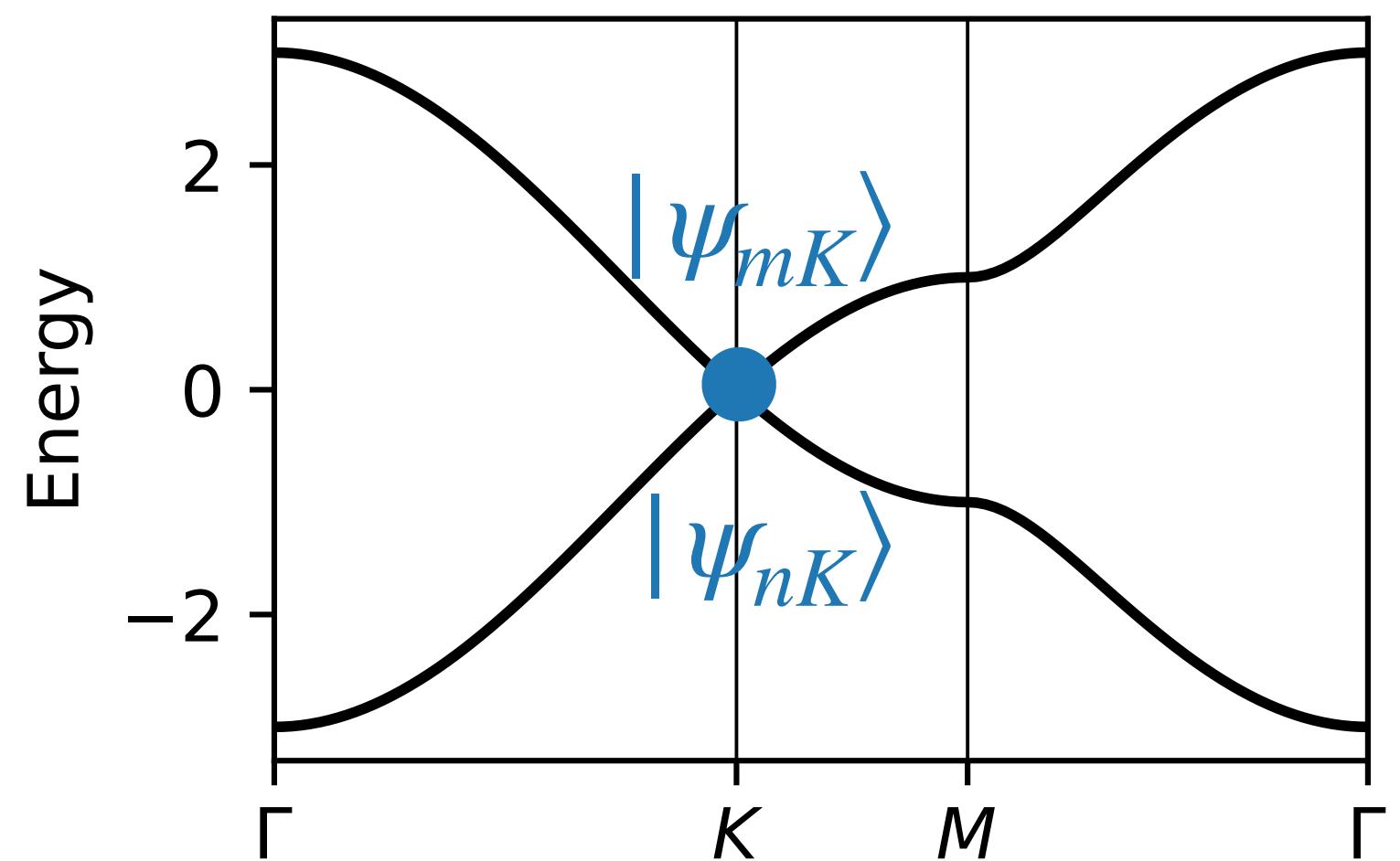
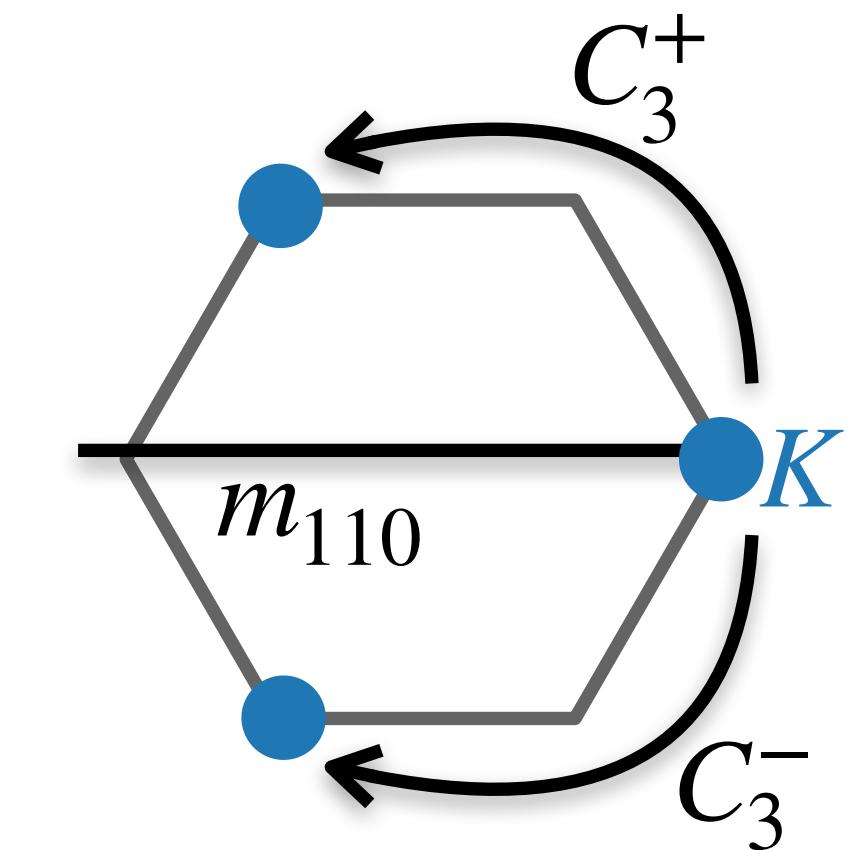
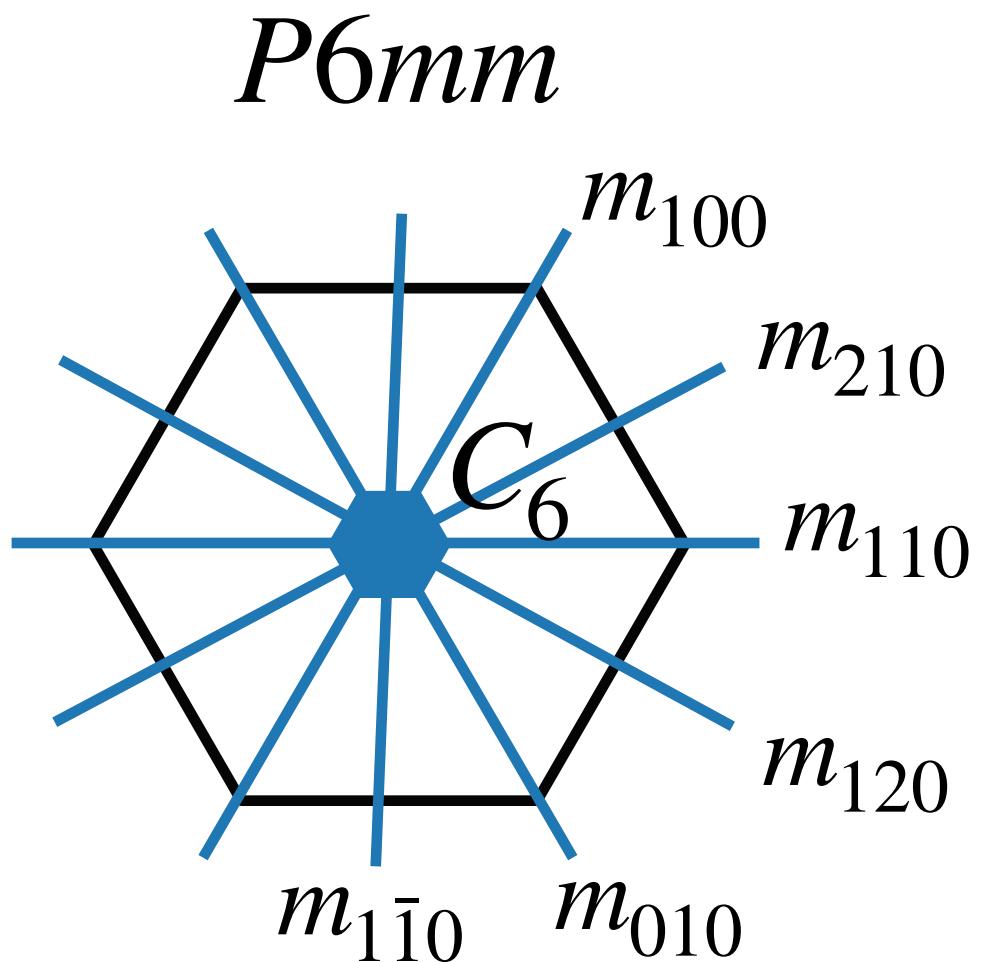
IrRep: how does it work?



IrRep: how does it work?

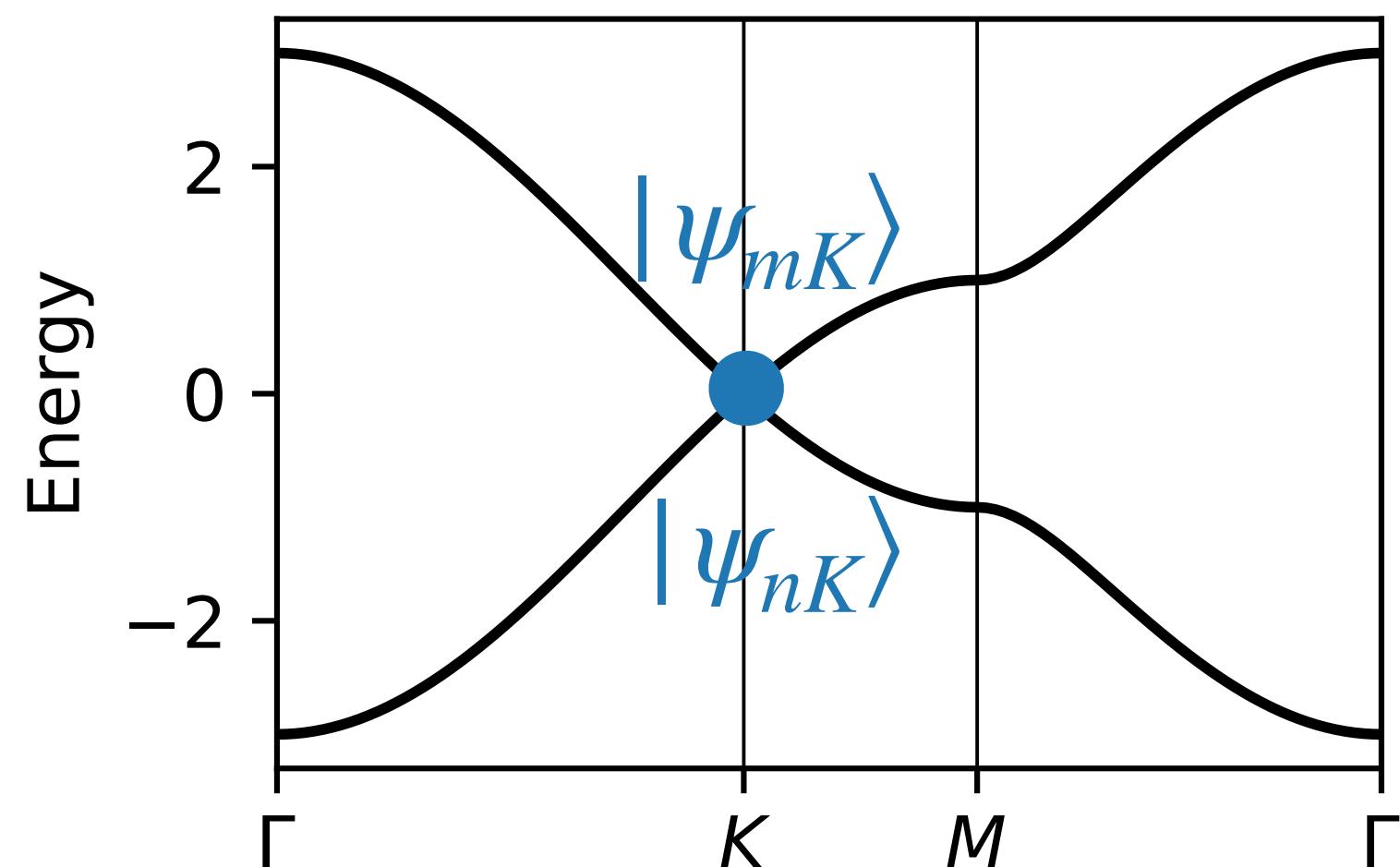
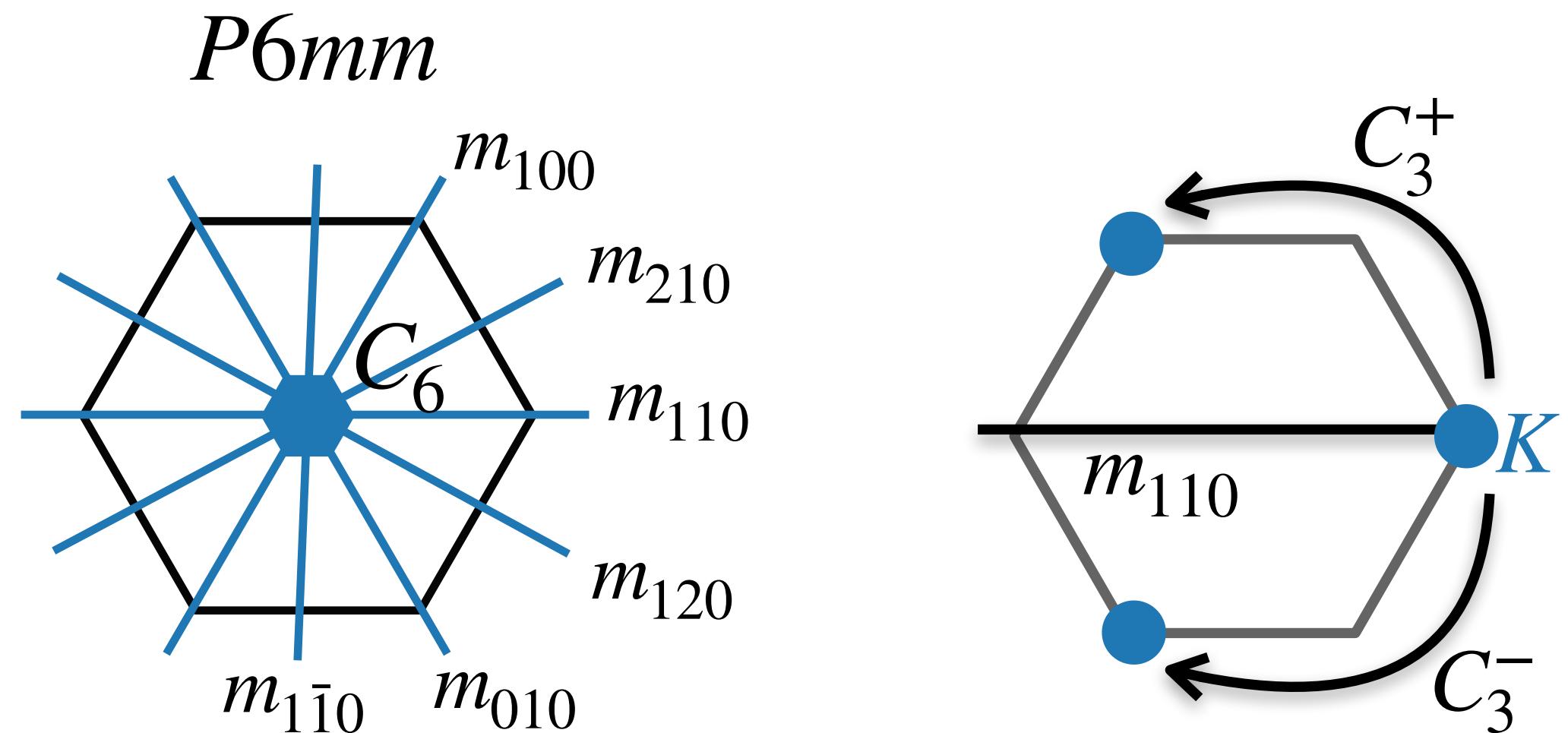
1

Identify the symmetries that leave the point K invariant



IrRep: how does it work?

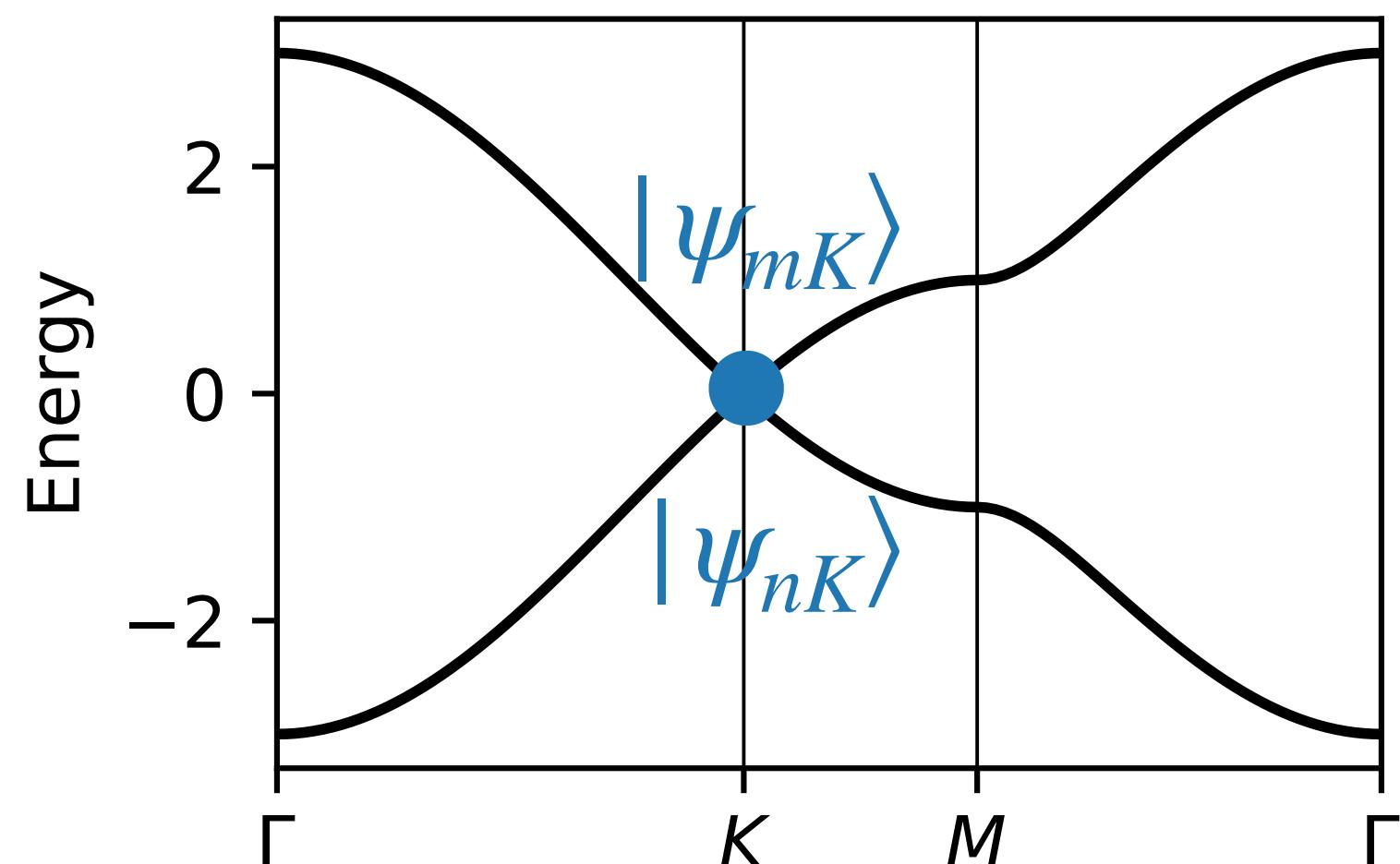
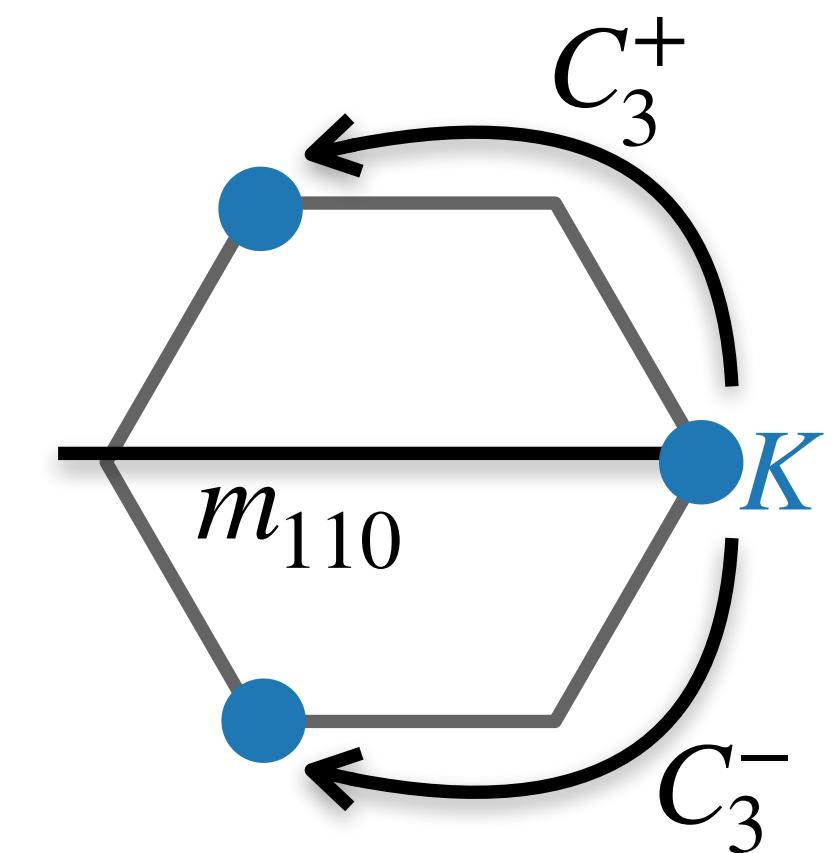
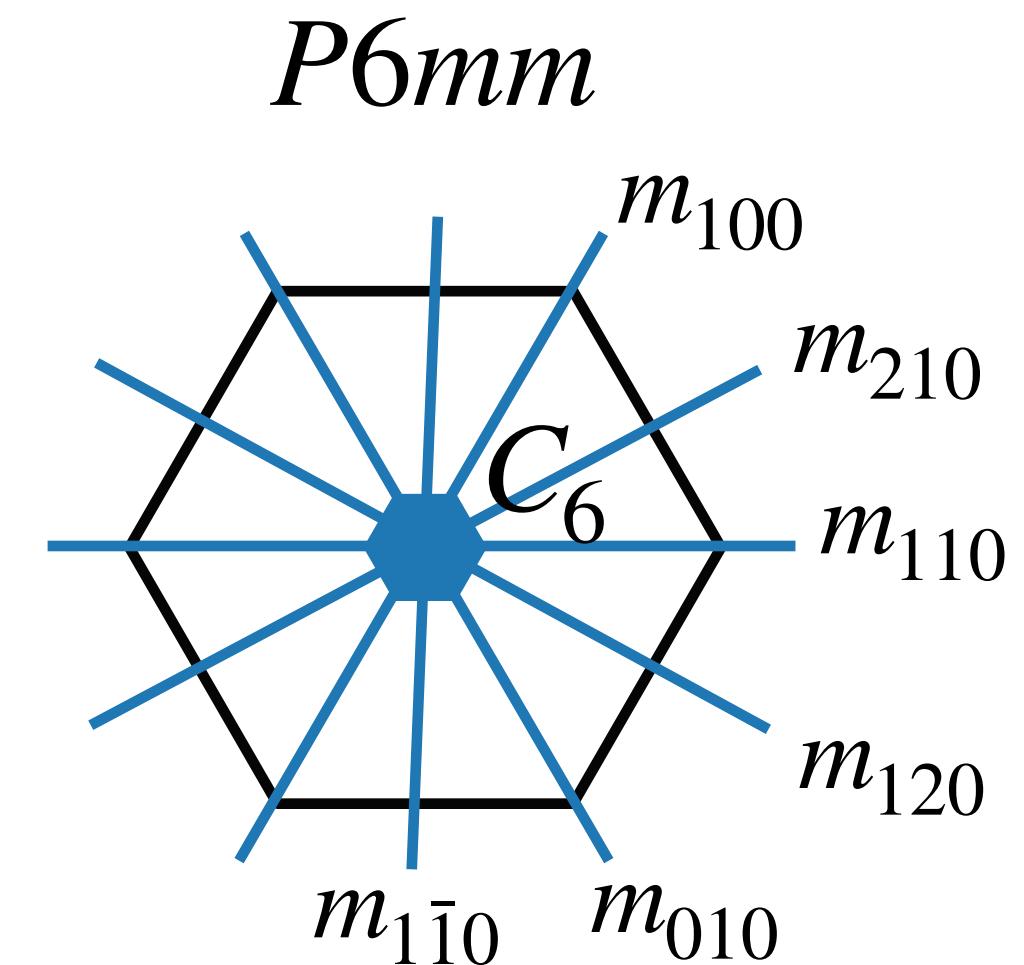
- 1 Identify the symmetries that leave the point K invariant
- 2 Pick $g = \{R | \nu\}$ and calculate the expected values $\langle \psi_{Kn} | g | \psi_{Kn} \rangle$ and $\langle \psi_{Km} | g | \psi_{Km} \rangle$



IrRep: how does it work?

- 1 Identify the symmetries that leave the point K invariant
- 2 Pick $g = \{R | \nu\}$ and calculate the expected values $\langle \psi_{Kn} | g | \psi_{Kn} \rangle$ and $\langle \psi_{Km} | g | \psi_{Km} \rangle$

$$g |\psi_{kn}\rangle = \sum_G C_{kn}(G) g |k + G\rangle = \sum_G C_{kn}(G) e^{-i(Rk+RG)\cdot\nu} |Rk + RG\rangle$$

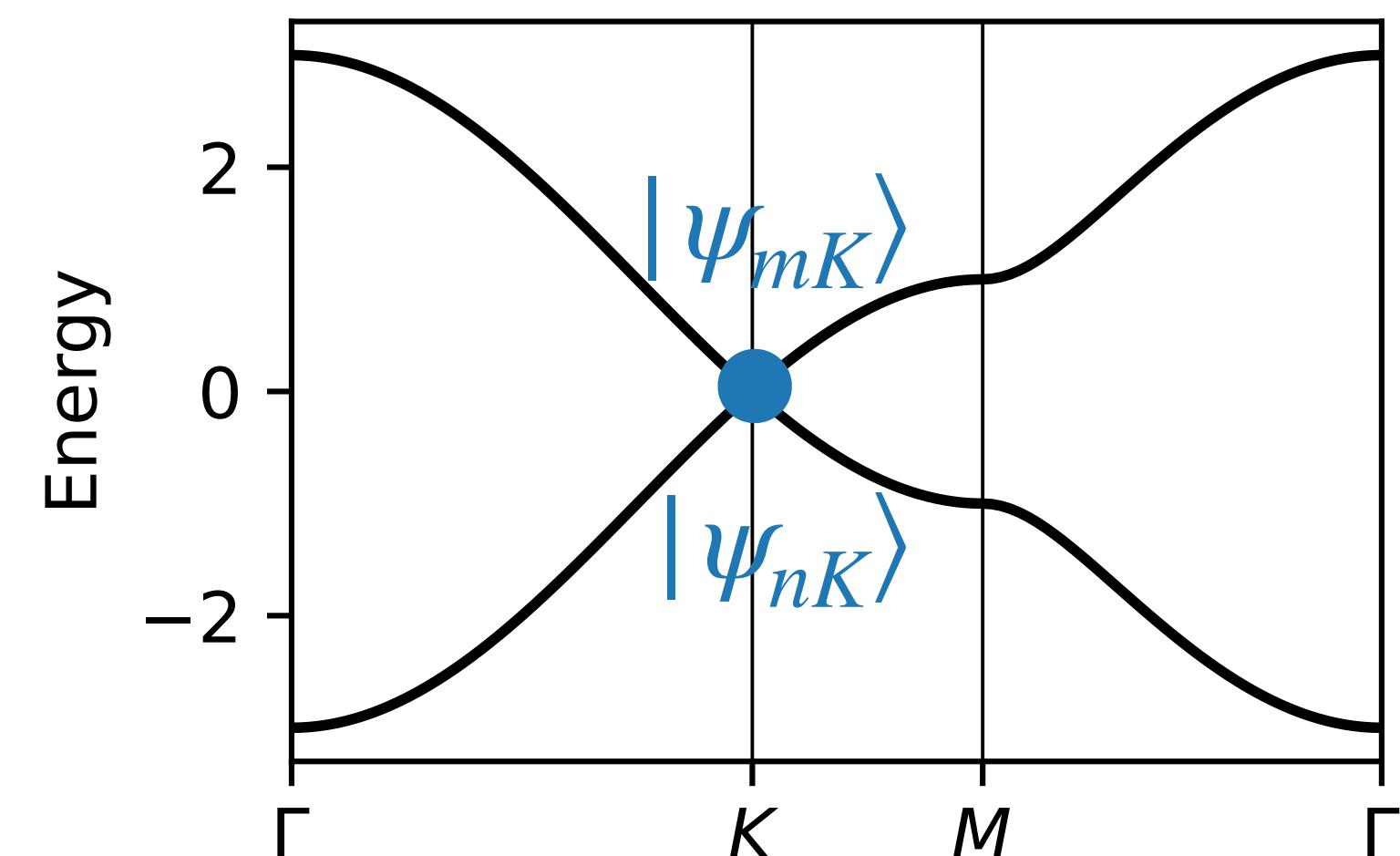
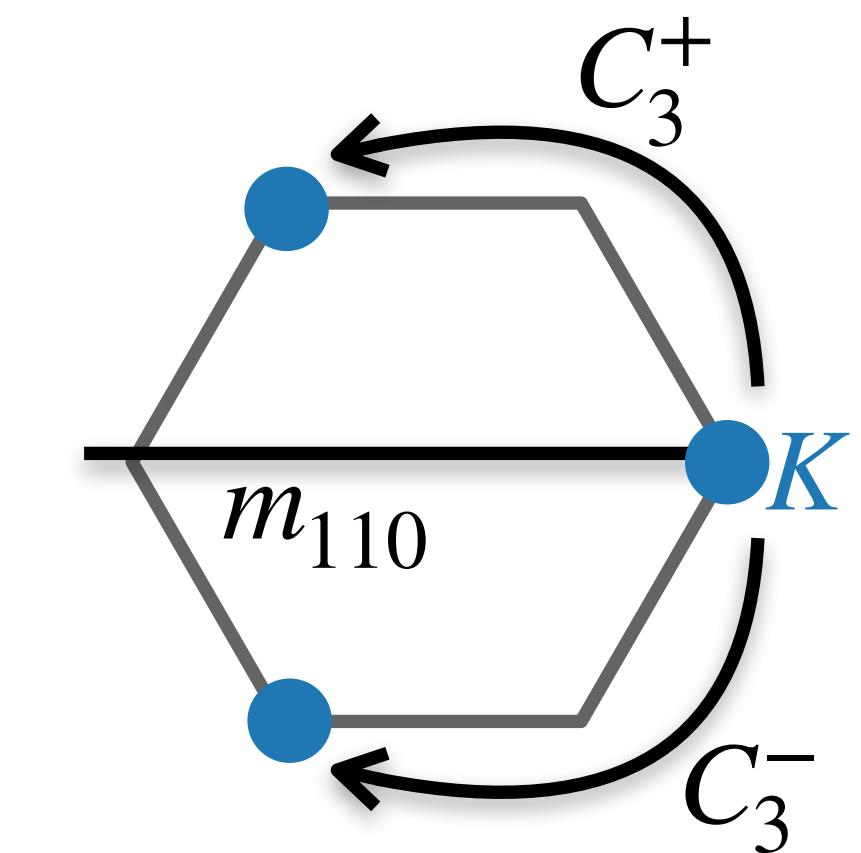
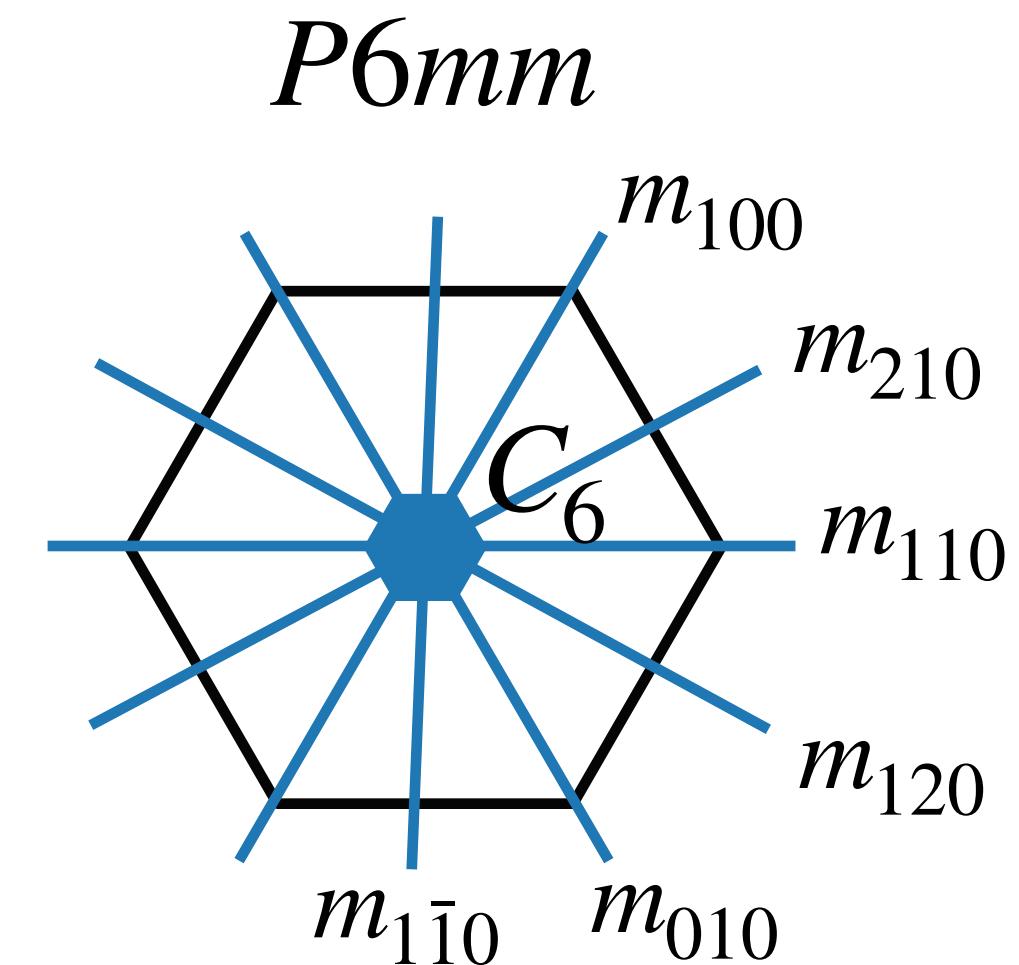


IrRep: how does it work?

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$$\langle \psi_{kn} | g | \psi_{kn} \rangle = \sum_G C_{kn}^*(Rk - k + RG) C_{kn}(G) e^{-i(Rk - k + RG) \cdot \nu}$$



IrRep: how does it work?

1 Identify the symmetries that leave the point K invariant

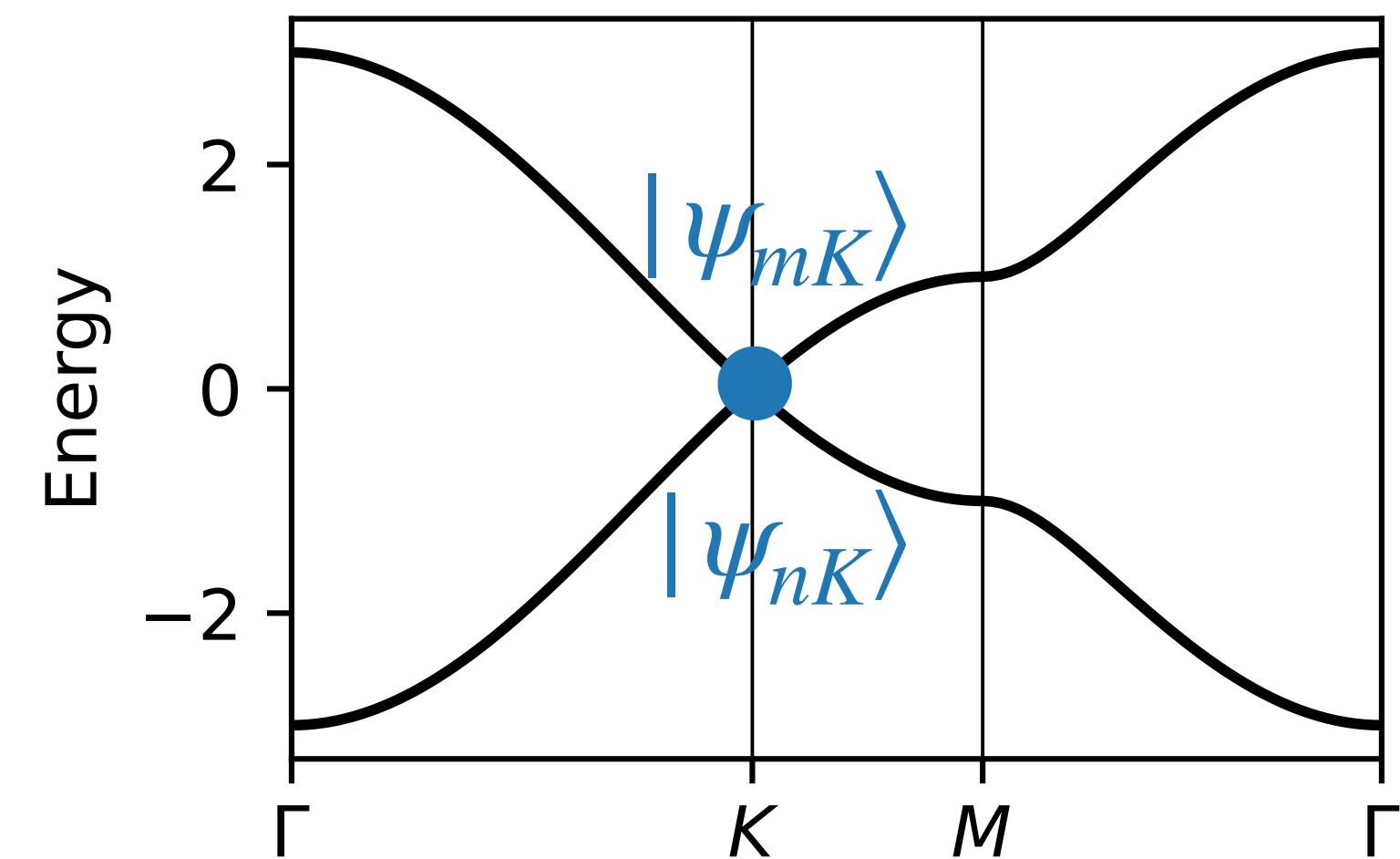
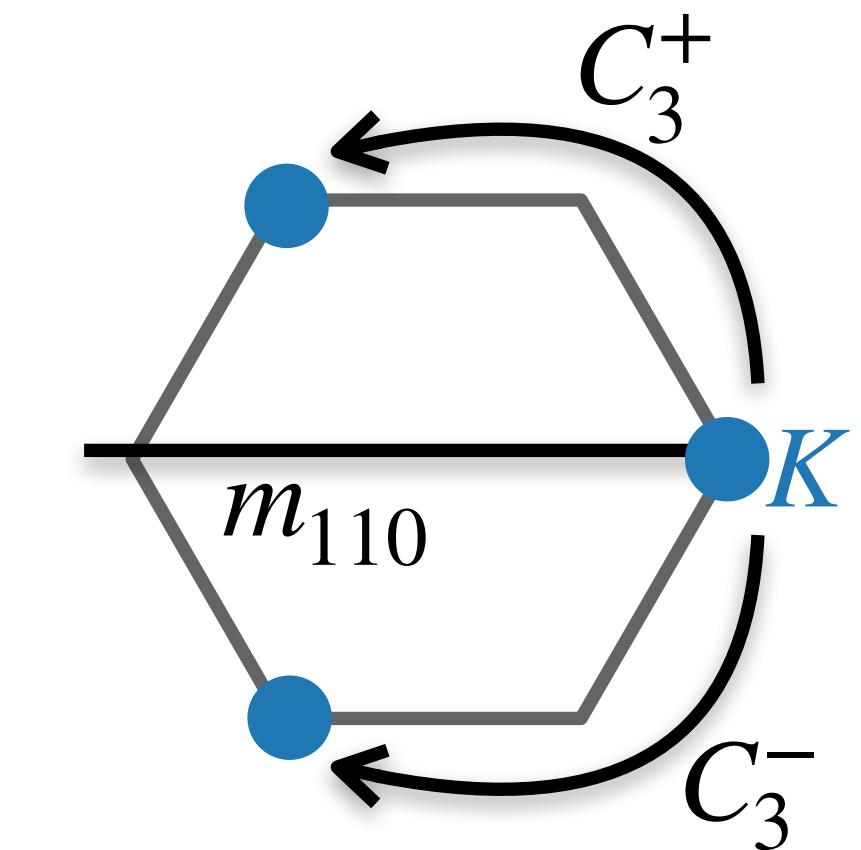
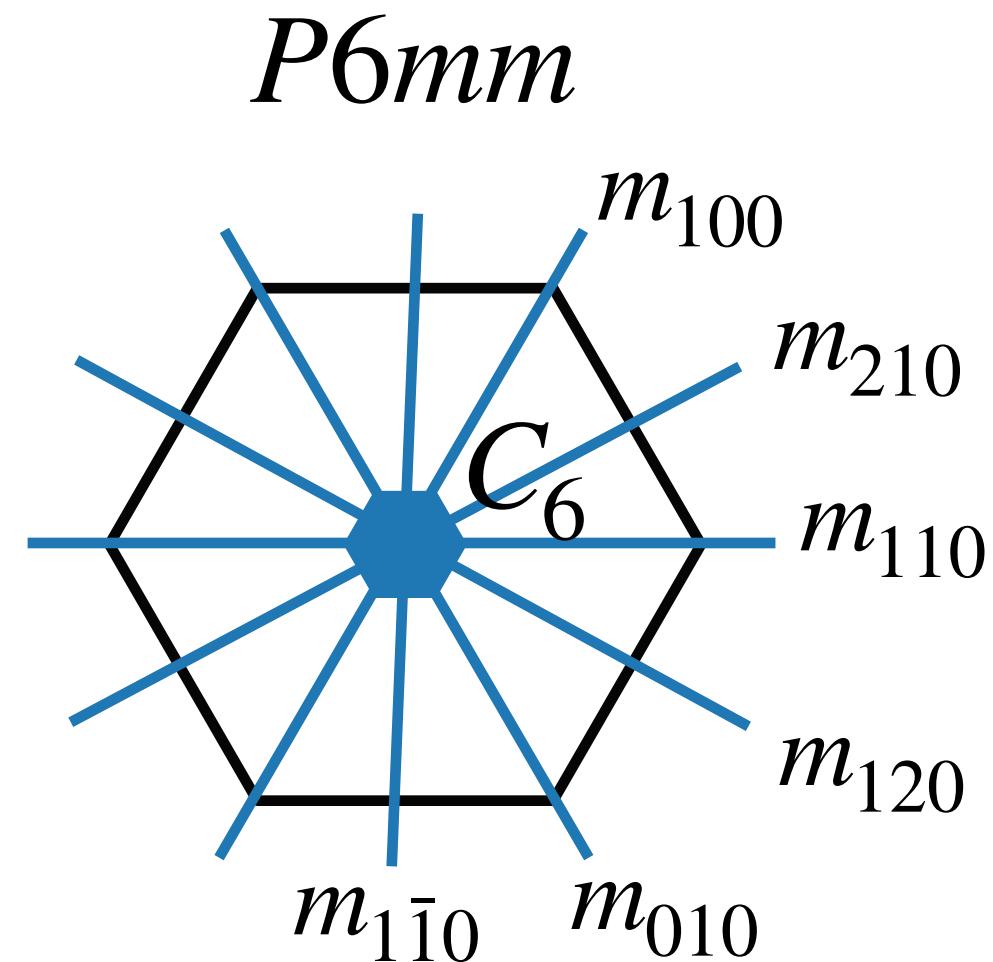
2 Pick $g = \{R | \nu\}$ and calculate the expected values
 $\langle \psi_{Kn} | g | \psi_{Kn} \rangle$ and $\langle \psi_{Km} | g | \psi_{Km} \rangle$

$$g | \psi_{kn} \rangle = \sum_G C_{kn}(G) g | k + G \rangle = \sum_G C_{kn}(G) e^{-i(Rk+RG) \cdot \nu} | Rk + RG \rangle$$

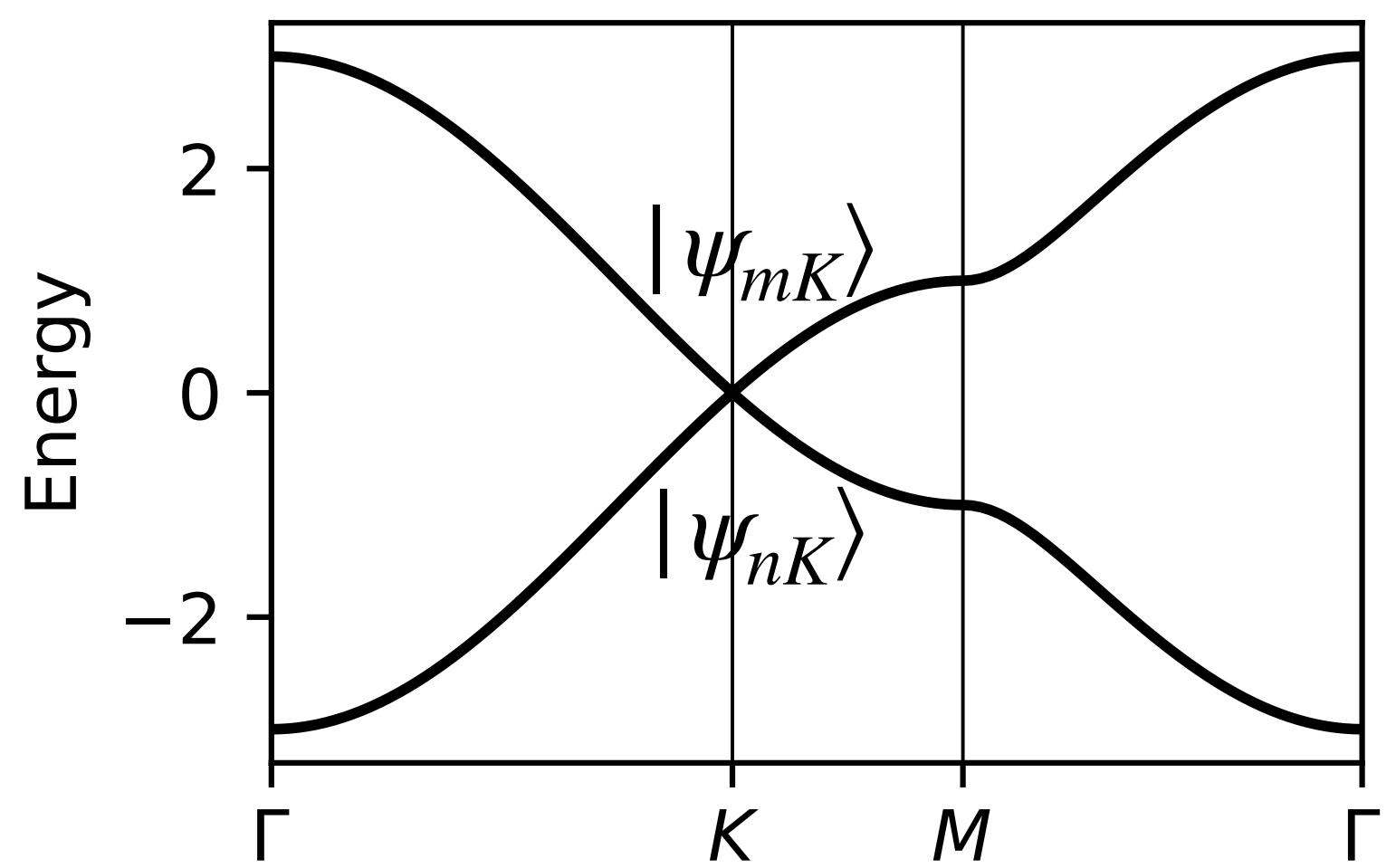
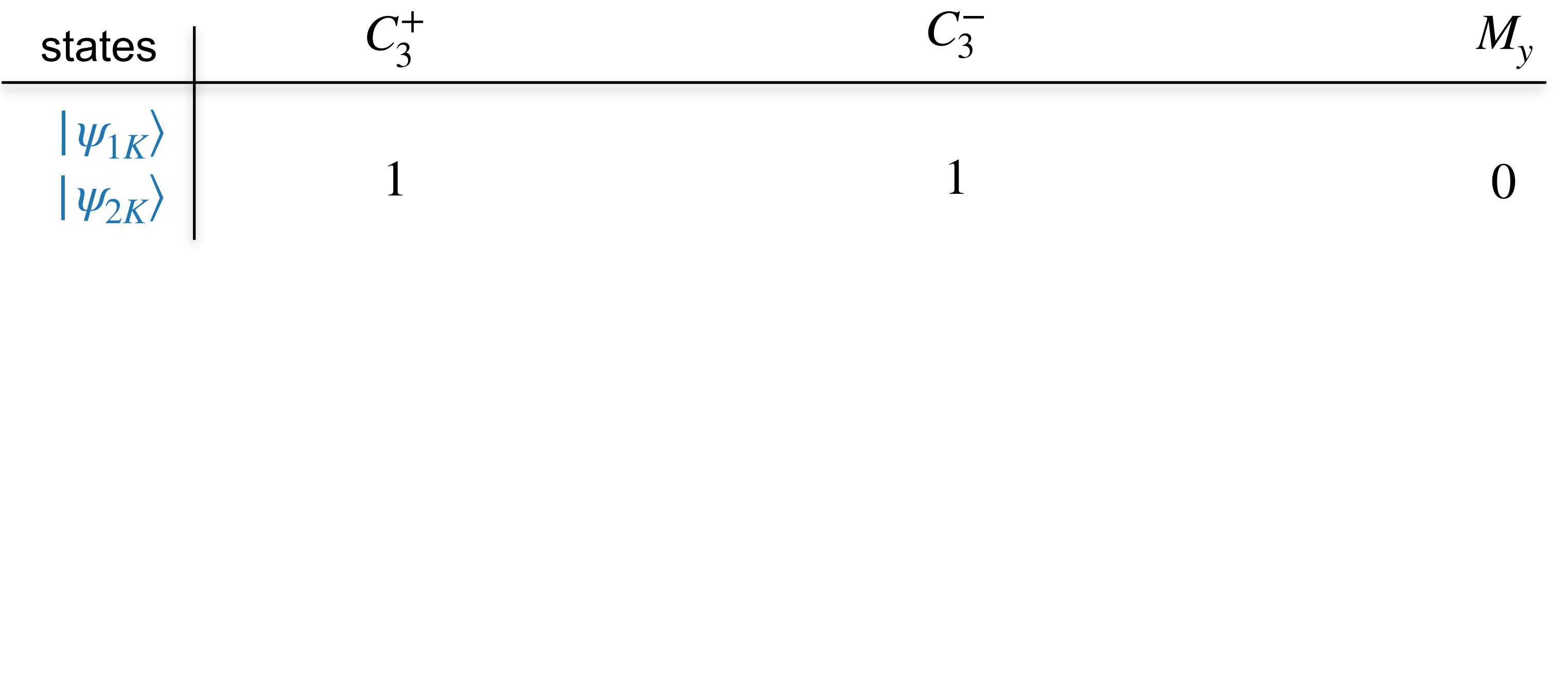
$$\langle \psi_{kn} | g | \psi_{kn} \rangle = \sum_G C_{kn}^*(Rk - k + RG) C_{kn}(G) e^{-i(Rk - k + RG) \cdot \nu}$$

3 Compute the trace of the symmetry

$$g : \begin{pmatrix} \langle \psi_{nK} | g | \psi_{nK} \rangle & \langle \psi_{nK} | g | \psi_{mK} \rangle \\ \langle \psi_{mK} | g | \psi_{nK} \rangle & \langle \psi_{mK} | g | \psi_{mK} \rangle \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \text{Tr } (g) = 1$$

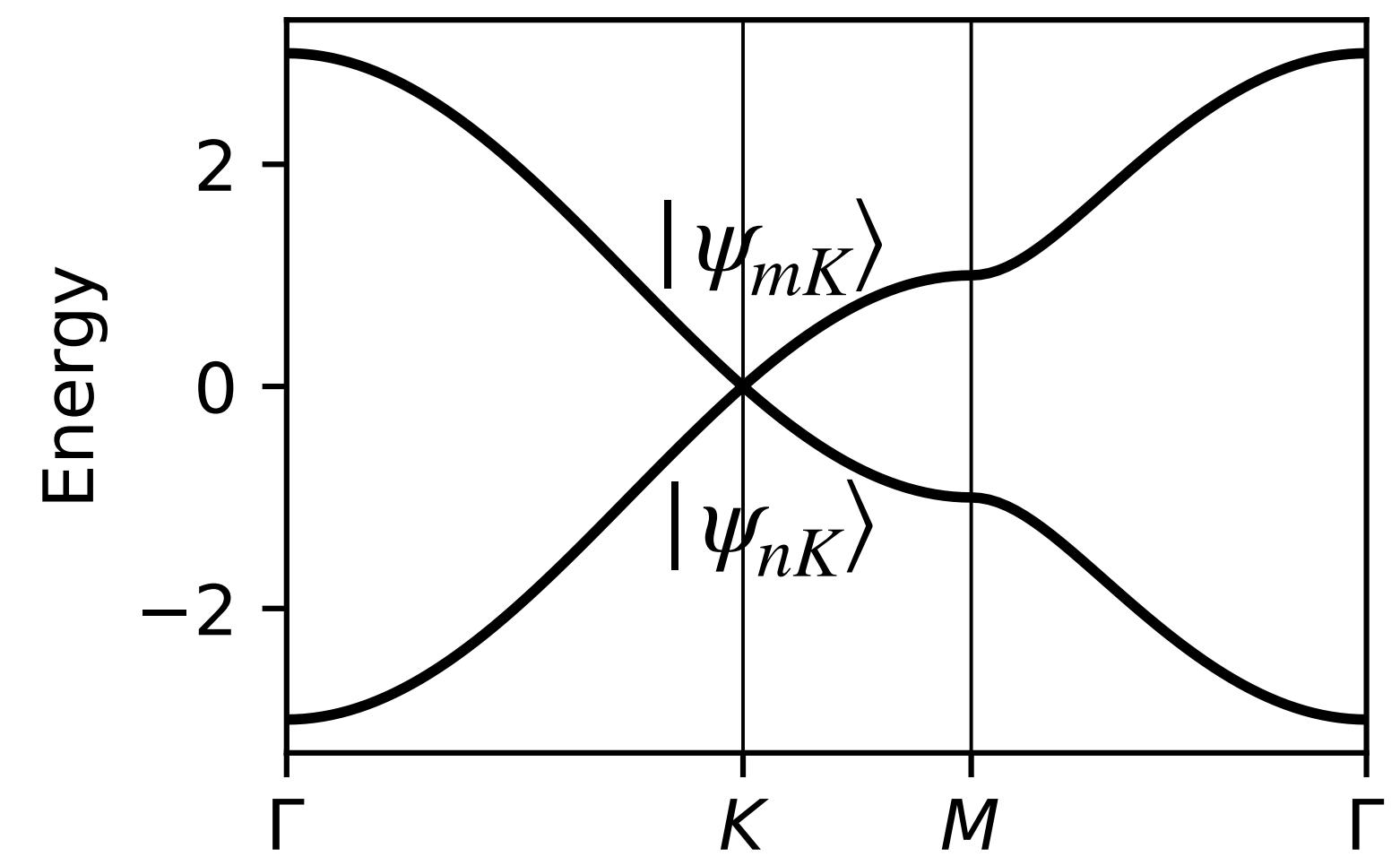


IrRep: how does it work?



IrRep: how does it work?

states	C_3^+	C_3^-	M_y
$ \psi_{1K}\rangle$	1	1	0
$ \psi_{2K}\rangle$			
irreps	C_3^+	C_3^-	M_y
	Bilbao Crystallographic Server		
\bar{K}_4	-1	-1	$-i$
\bar{K}_5	-1	-1	i
\bar{K}_6	1	1	0

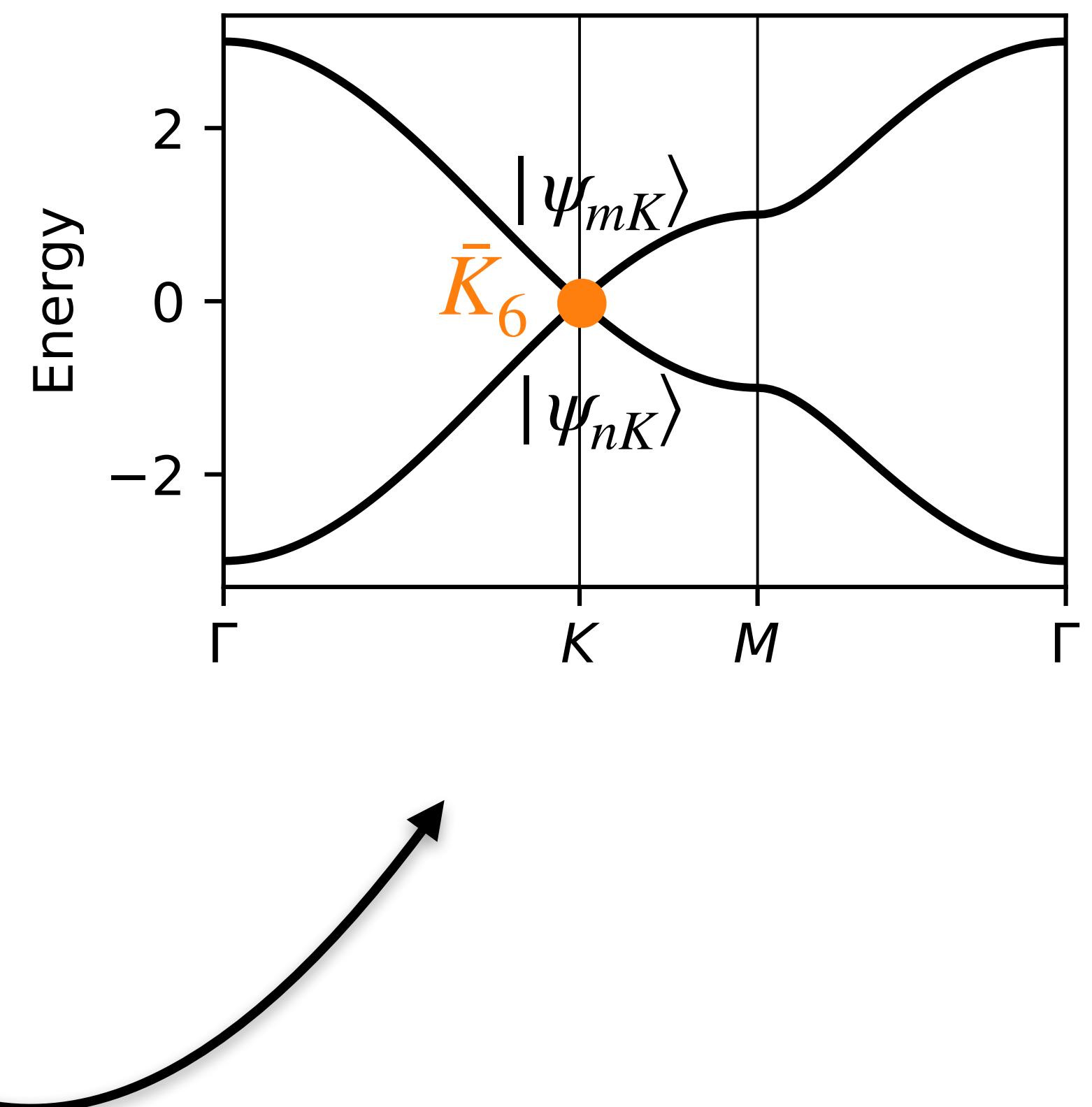


IrRep: how does it work?

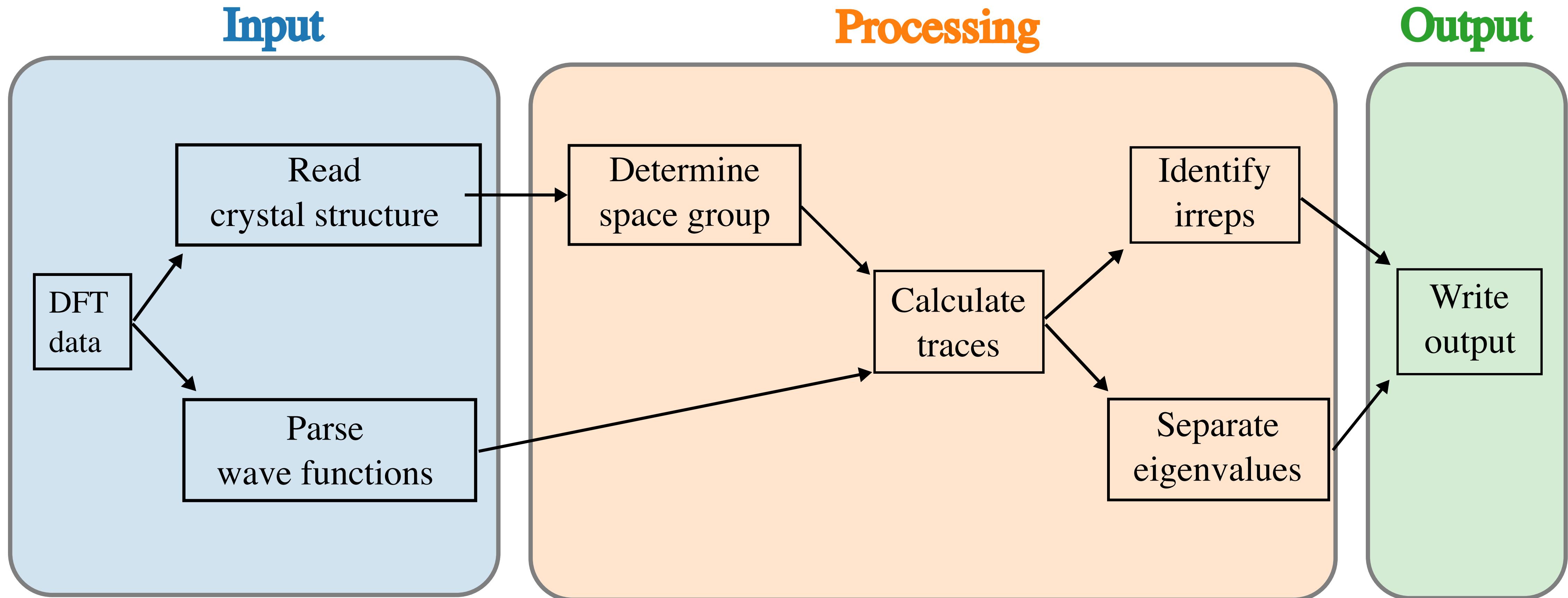
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Bilbao Crystallographic Server			
\bar{K}_4	-1	-1	$-i$
\bar{K}_5	-1	-1	i
\bar{K}_6	1	1	0

4 Identify the IR by matching the traces with the character of the IR



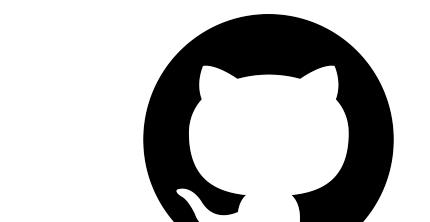
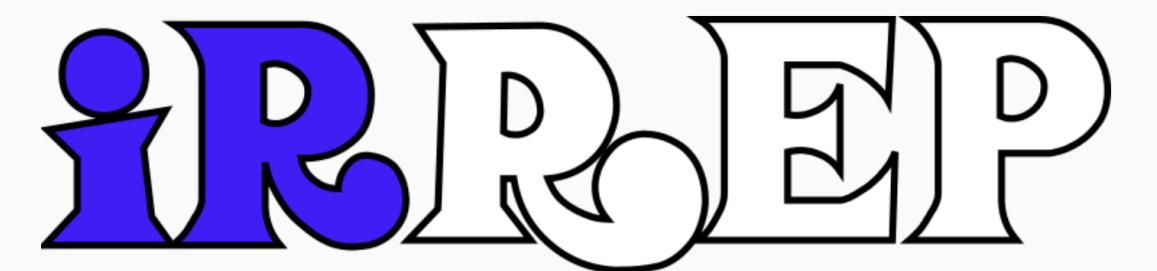
IrRep: how does it work?



- ✓ Interfaces to 4 DFT codes (more to come...)
- ✓ You can use the cell that you want for the DFT calculation
- ✓ Uses the notation of the Bilbao Cryst. Server
- ✓ It has an extensive documentation on its web page
- ✓ It's for free !



<https://irrep.dipc.org/>



GitHub

<https://github.com/stepan-tsirkin/irrep>